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## Structural Analysis

## PA-Tower

H = 9.20 m / 10.0 yd  
Working load 1050 kg / 2315 lb  
Wind Surface A=3.8 (2.6) m<sup>2</sup> / 4.55 (3.11) yd<sup>2</sup>

0955

for the sytem of the company

Design Quintessence Pty Ltd.

Edited by :

Aachen, 16 th July 2008



This Structural Analysis includes pages 1 - 70

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Any forwarding to third parties requires the author's approval.



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>1 INTRODUCTION</u> .....	1
1.1 Basics .....	1
1.2 Used materials .....	1
1.3 General Description .....	1
1.4 Load assumptions .....	3
<u>2 SYSTEM</u> .....	4
<u>3 EXPOSURE</u> .....	13
<u>4 CALCULATION / INTERNAL FORCES</u> .....	16
<u>5 VERIFICATION</u> .....	61
5.1 Allowable stress single components .....	61
5.2 Verification .....	65
<u>6 STABILITY</u> .....	69



## **1 INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 Basics**

The currently applicable regulations and DIN standards, in particular:

DIN 1055	Load Assumptions for Buildings Especially Part 4 (edition 1986)
DIN 4112	Temporary structures (1983)
DIN 4113, Part 1:	Aluminum structures (1972)
Part 2:	Welded aluminum construction (2002)
DIN 4114	Stability
DIN 15 920, Part 2:	Stage and studio setups
DIN 18 800, Part 1:	Steel Buildings
DIN 3065	Ropes
DIN 2448	Steel Tubes
DIN 1480	Turnbuckles

### **1.2 Used building materials**

EN AW 6082-T6	aluminum alloy used in the trusses
S 235 JR	pipes, support feet, etc.

### **1.3 General Description**

Subject of the calculation is a tower construction made of F44- traverses of the manufacturer Global Truss, used as speakertower..

The height of the tower is about 9,20 m (10,0 yd) above terrain.

The tower consists of a 10° inclined pillar, two cantilevers which are arranged in a v-shape and two diagonal braces (pipes 60x5 EN AW 6082 T6).

At the top of the tower payloads with the following maximum weight and maximum windsurface can be applied:

up to 1050 kg (2315 lb) and a maximum area of

3.8 m<sup>2</sup> (4.55 yd<sup>2</sup>) to the front and 2.6 m<sup>2</sup> (3.11 yd<sup>2</sup>) transverse area

The payloads will be lifted up with a deflection roller.

Smaller loads with proportionally reduced windsurfaces are possible without further proof.

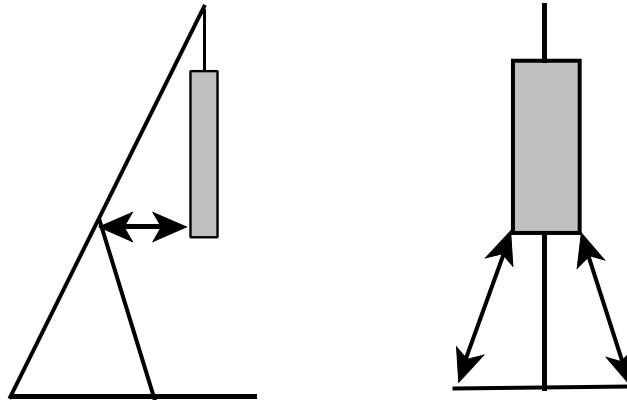
(Example: payload 750 kg, windsurface  $<750 / 1050 \times 3.8 = 2.71 \text{ m}^2$  )

For smaller loads with disproportionately larger windsurface the cantilever has to be ballasted additionally with the differential payload to 1050 kg

(Example: payload 750 kg, windsurface  $3.5 \text{ m}^2 > 2.71 \text{ m}^2 \Rightarrow 1050 - 750 = 300 \text{ kg}$  ballast required)

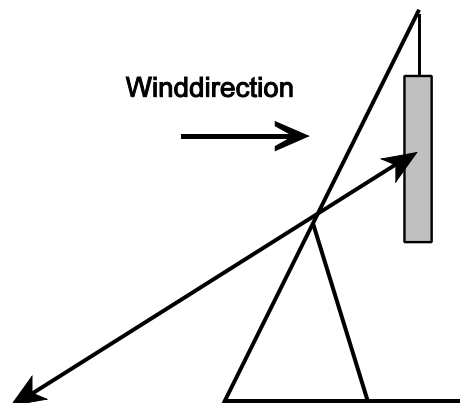


**Payloads have to be anchored to the back and the sides if the frontal windsurface exceeds  $1.9 \text{ m}^2$  (resp.  $1.3 \text{ m}^2$  transverse windsurface) in the operational state.**



Dynamic increase from up- and downlifting of the loads is considered in this static calculation with a factor of 1.2.

**When up- or downlifting and simultaneous wind, the payload has to be anchored with a rope from the centre of the windsurface to the ground.**



**Before excessing wind force beaufort 8 resp. wind speed  $> 20 \text{ m/s}$  ( $21,8 \text{ yd/s}$ ) at the top of the tower, the speakers have to be downlifted (Regard the conditions for for downlifting with wind).**

In the operational state (with load) no additional ballast is necessary.

**The free-standing tower without loads and additional windsurface has to be ballasted for unlimited wind forces according to DIN 1055 and DIN 4112 with  $180 \text{ kg}$  ( $400 \text{ lb}$ ) centered on each cantilever .**

If the tower is not ballasted, it has to be tilted down before crossing windforce beaufort 8.



#### 1.4 Load assumptions

Wind loads are applied according DIN 1055, part 4, edition 1986 and DIN 4112.

##### PA

**Allowable payload**    **1050 kg (2315 lb)**

**Windsurface PA:**    **# 3,8 m<sup>2</sup> (4.55 yd<sup>2</sup>)**  
in direction of cantilevers

**# 2,6 m<sup>2</sup> (3.11 yd<sup>2</sup>)** transverse  
to cantilevers

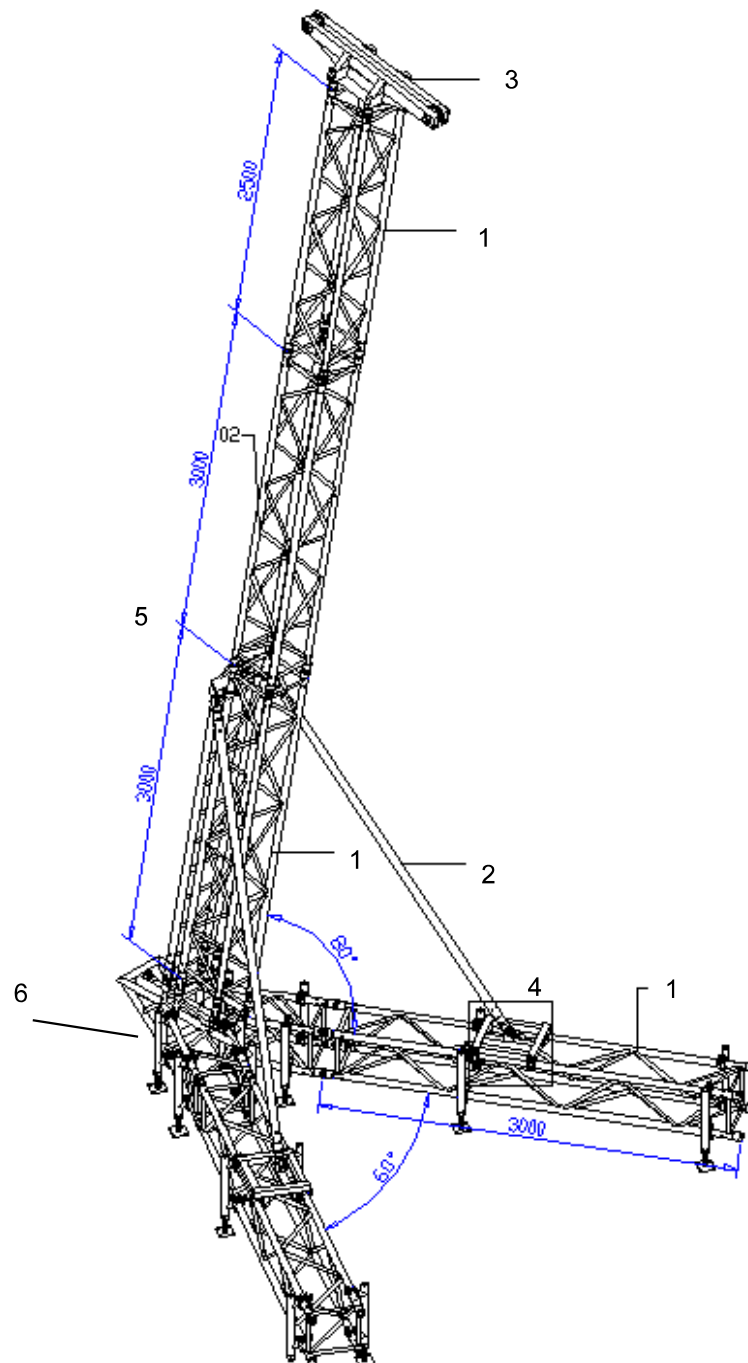
When uplifting, the PA has to be anchored with a rope..

Case payload with dynamic factor and anchored PA:

=> Verification for  $P = 1.2 \cdot 10.5 \text{ kN}$     with half of the wind-load from PA



## **2 SYSTEM**

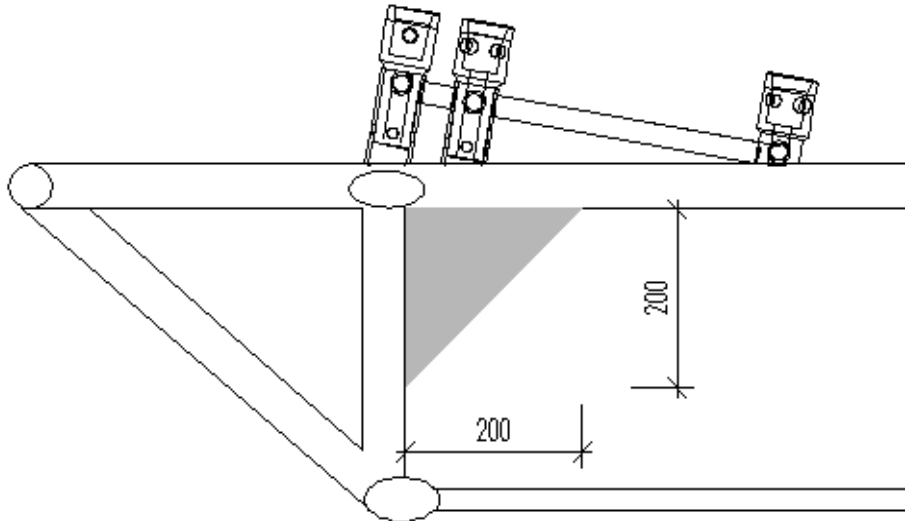


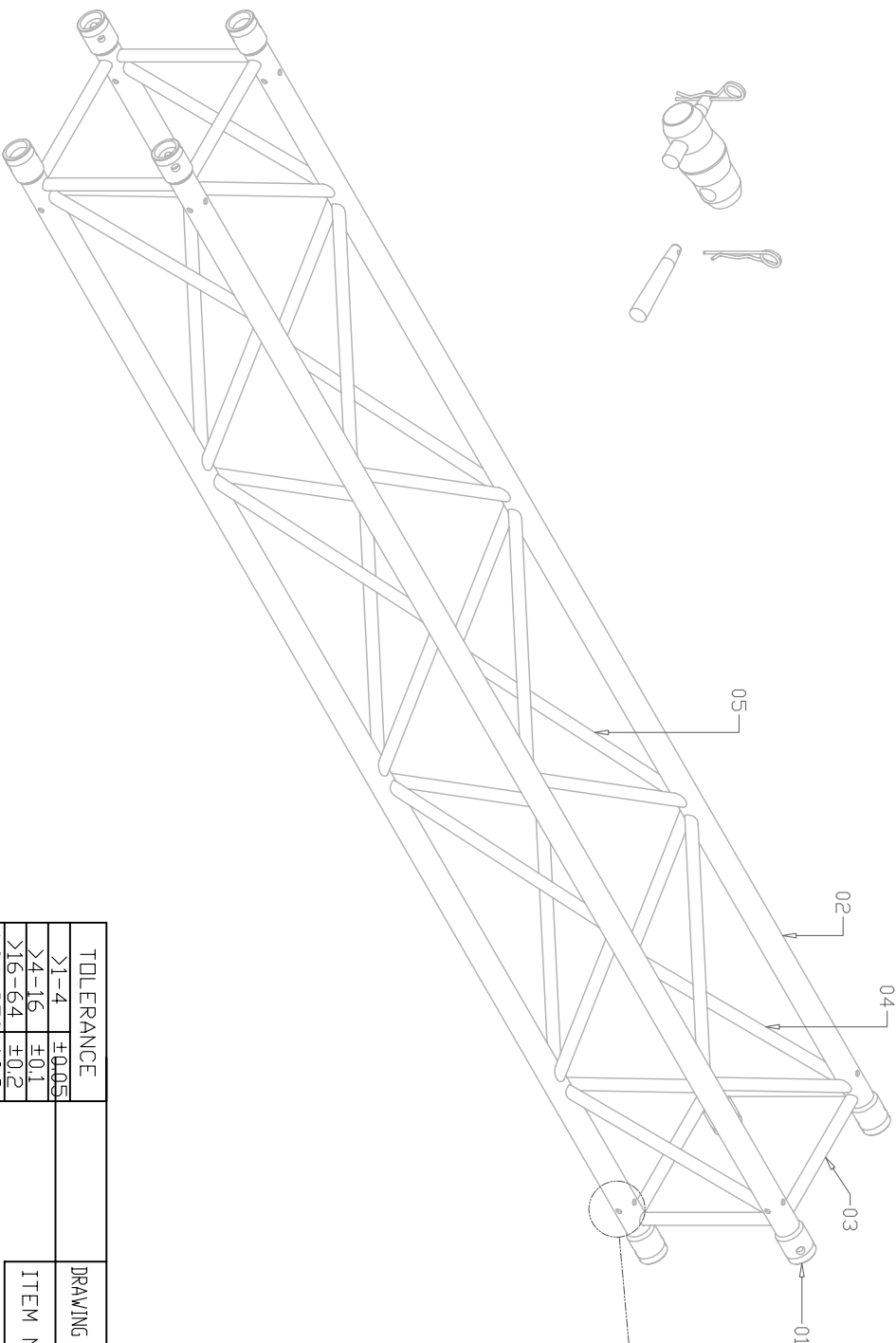
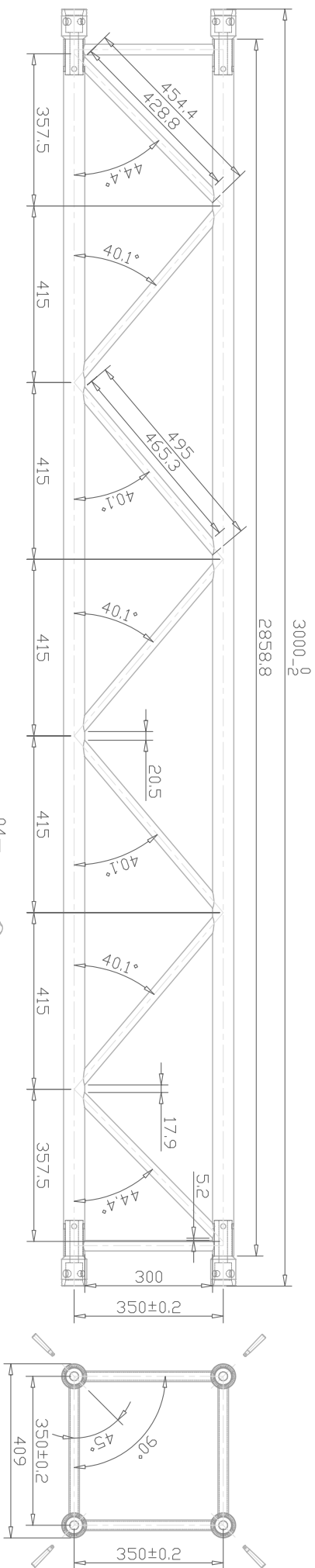
Pos 1	Truss F44	Mainchords 50x4 mm Diagonals 25x3 mm	EN AW 6082 T6 EN AW 6082 T6
Pos 2	Diagonal-brace	Pipe 60x5 mm	EN AW 6082 T6
Pos 3 - 6	see following pages		

Pos 6 (V-corner) has to be braced additionally underneath the connection with a corner-plate (200x200x5 mm EN AW6082 T6) (see following page).



Cornerplate 200x200x5 mm underneath the rear coupling-connection of the tower.





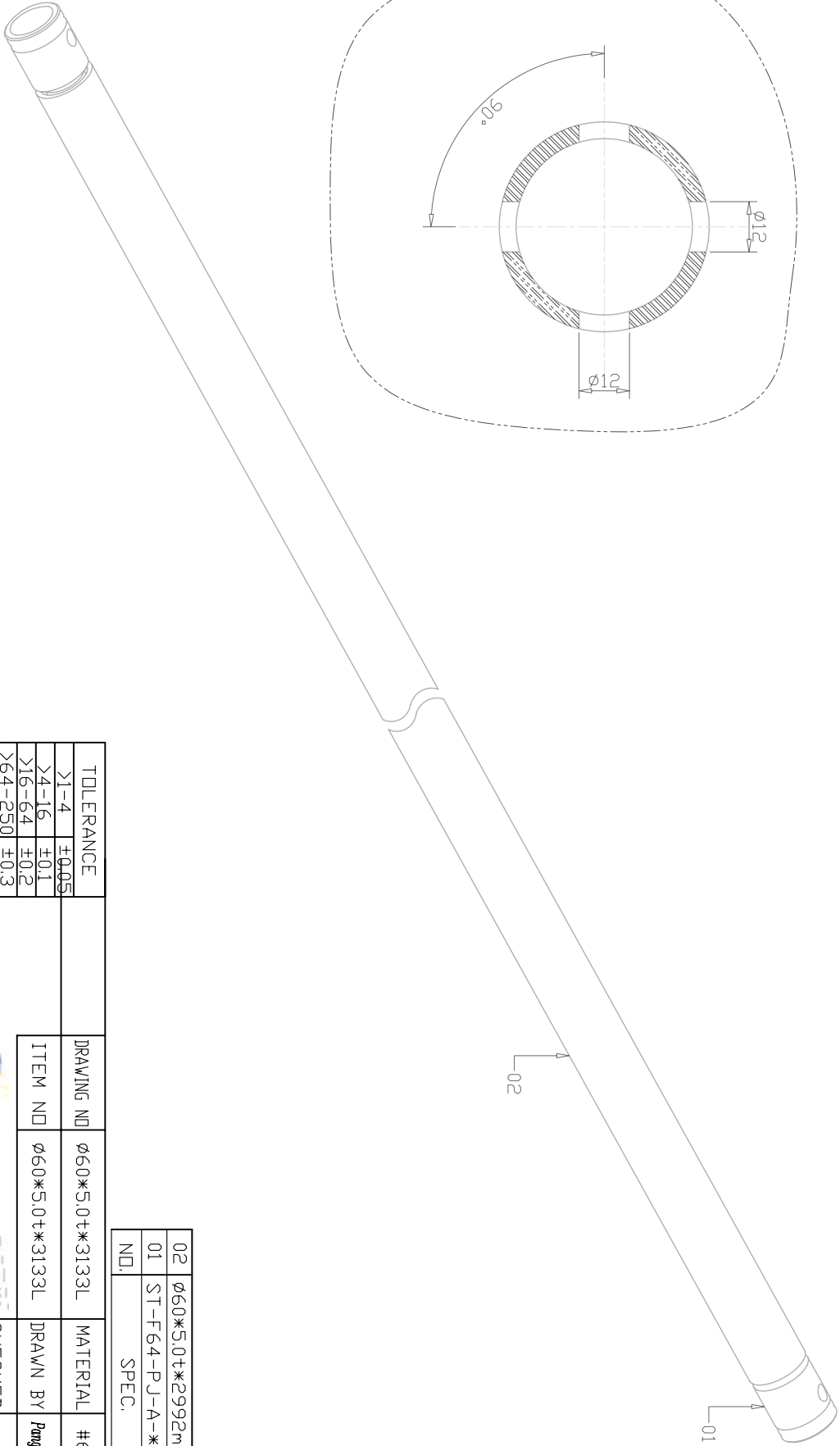
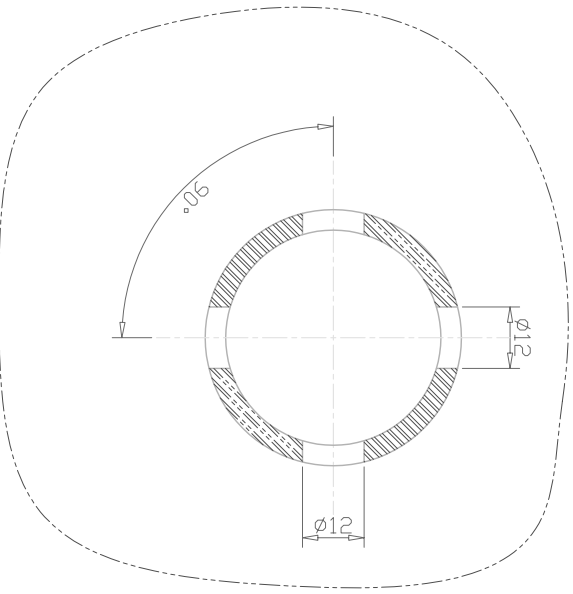
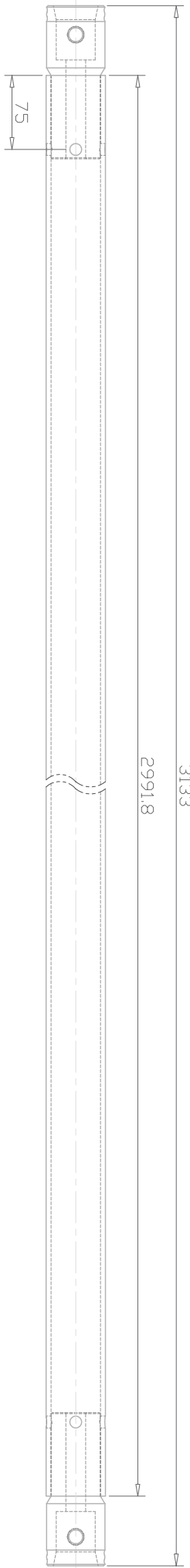
fitting	DMS-01-1	steel	CP	8
	ST-F64-PJ-A-3	S45C	CP	8
	ST-F64-PJ-A-2	#2011	T6	4
05	Ø25*3.0t*495mm	#6082	T6	20
04	Ø25*3.0t*454mm	#6082	T6	8
03	Ø25*3.0t*300mm	#6082	T6	8
02	Ø50*4.0t*2859mm	#6082	T6	4
01	ST-F64-PJ-A-1	#6082	T6	8
ND.	SPEC.	MATERIAL FIN.	QTY	

TOLERANCE	DRAWING NO	MATERIAL	DATE
>1-4 ±0.05	F44PC-30M <td>#6082 <td>2008</td> </td>	#6082 <td>2008</td>	2008
>4-16 ±0.1	ITEM NO <td>DRAWN BY <td>07.17</td> </td>	DRAWN BY <td>07.17</td>	07.17
>16-64 ±0.2	ST-4166PC <td>Peng hang lei <td>1:14</td> </td>	Peng hang lei <td>1:14</td>	1:14
>64-250 ±0.3	CHECKED	UNIT	mm
>250-1000 ±0.5	APPROVED	SURFACE	RAW
>1000-5000 ±1.0			
>5000-16000 ±3.0			
ANGULAR ±0.5°			









TOLERANCE	
>1-4	±0.05
>4-16	±0.1
>16-64	±0.2
>64-250	±0.3
>250-1000	±0.5
>1000-5000	±1.0
>5000-16000	±3.0
ANGULAR	±0.5°

DRAWING NO	MATERIAL	#	DATE
ITEM NO	DRAWN BY		SCALE

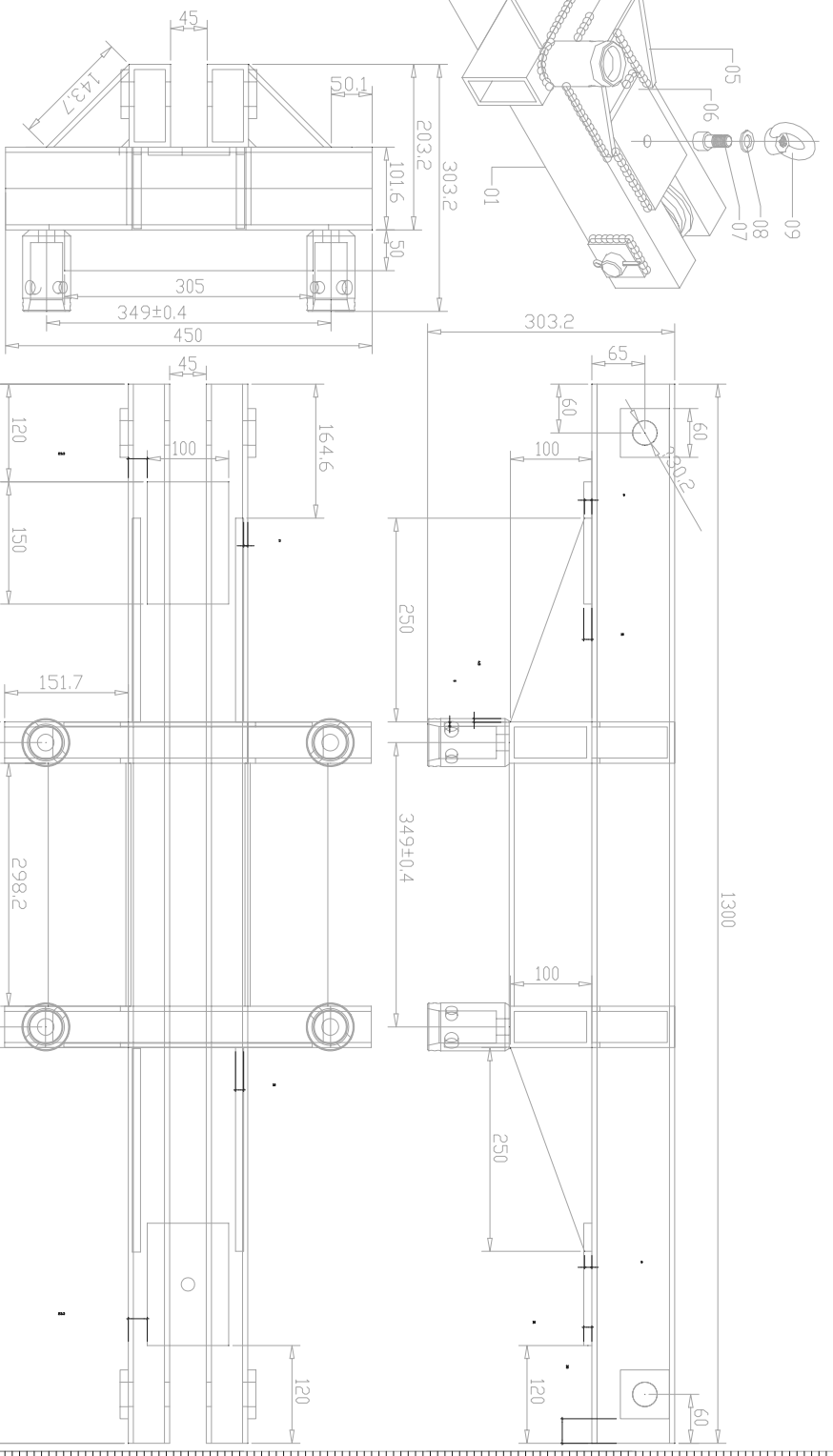
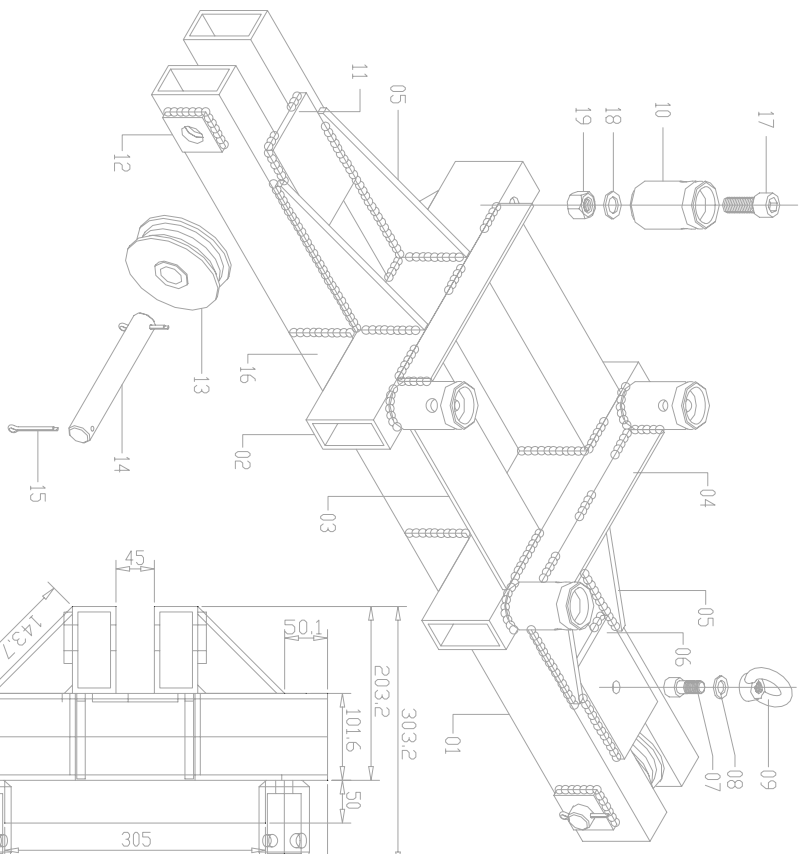
NO.	SPEC.	MATERIAL FIN.	QTY
02	Ø60*5.0t*2992mm	#6082 T6	1
01	ST-F64-PJ-A-*	#6082 T6	2

DRAWING NO	MATERIAL	#	DATE
ITEM NO	DRAWN BY		SCALE
CHECKED	UNIT		
APPROVED	SURFACE		



DRAWN BY *Pung hung lei*  
 UNIT *mm*  
 SURFACE *RAW*

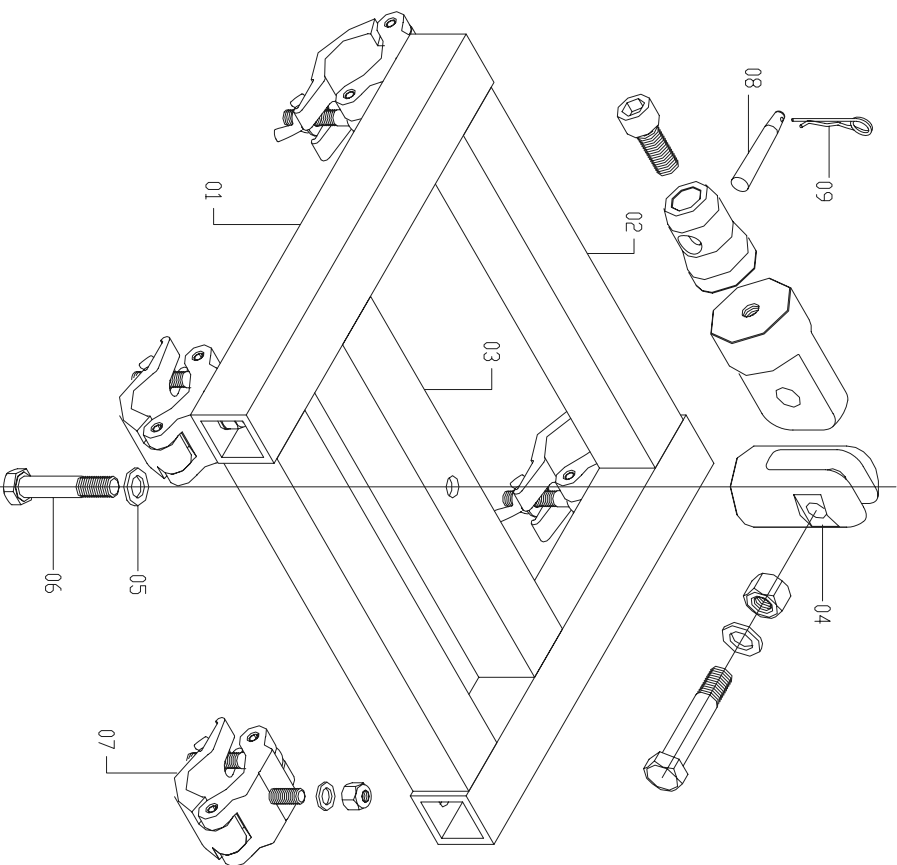
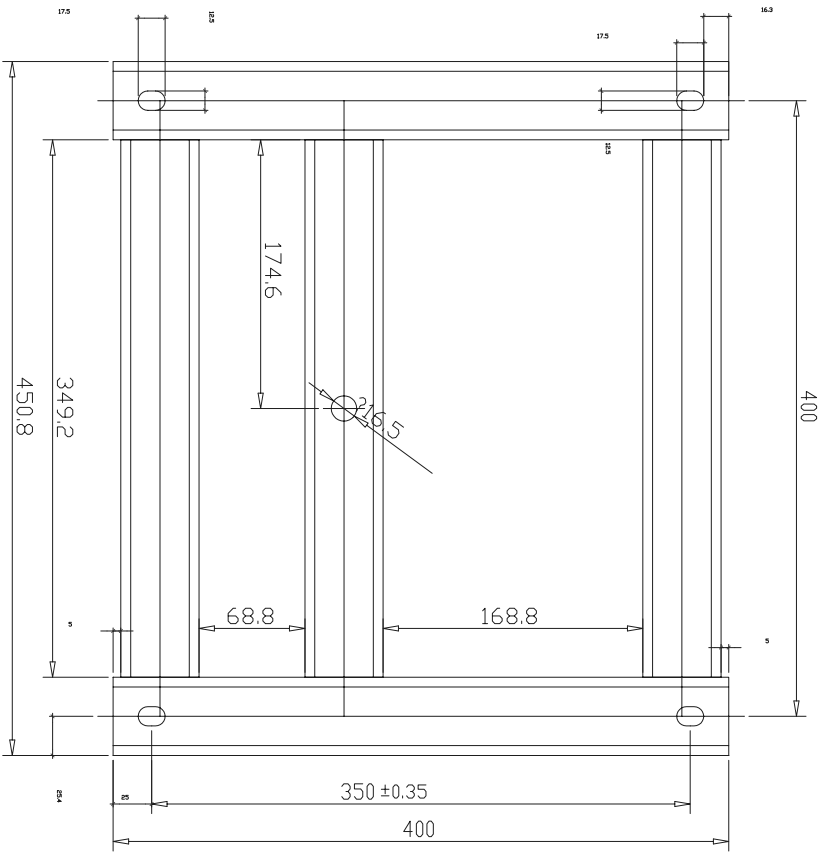
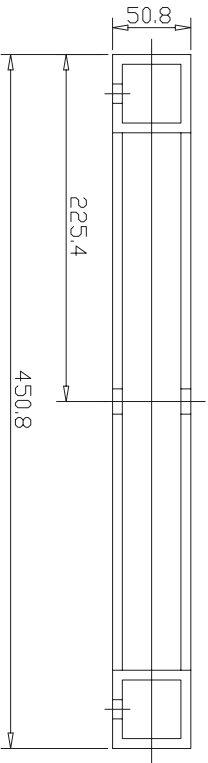
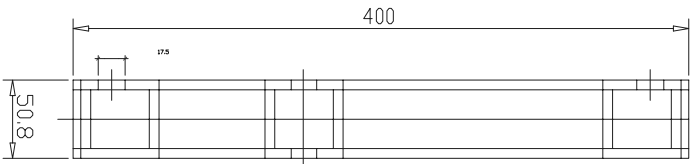




19	M16x1.75Px30L	Steel\Black	4
18	ø17xø28x3.0T	Steel\Black	4
17	M16x1.75Px30L	Steel\Black	4
16	101.6x50.8x6.35T x145L	#6061 T6	4
15	ø5x73L	Steel CP	4
14	ø30x200L	Steel CP	2
13	AFZ-SJZ-D09-04	Nylon	2
12	60*10T*60mm	#6061 T6	4
11	100*10T*150mm	#6061 T6	1
10	ST-F64-PJ-A-1F	#6061 T6	4
09	M20*2.0P<1.2Ton>	Steel CP	1
08	ø20.2xø33.8x5.1t	Steel\Black	1
07	M20x2.0P x45mm	Steel\Black	1
06	100*10T*150mm	#6061 T6	1
05	100x10T*250mm	#6061 T6	4
04	50*5.0T*305mm	#6061 T6	2
03	101.6*101.6*6.35T*298.2mm	#6061 T6	2
02	101.6x50.8x6.35T x450L	#6061 T6	2
01	101.6x50.8x6.35T x1300L	#6061 T6	2
ND	SPEC.	MATERIAL	FIN. QTY

TOLERANCE	
>1-4	±0.05
>4-15	±0.1
>16-64	±0.2
>64-250	±0.3
>250-1000	±0.5
>1000-5000	±1.0
>5000-16000	±3.0
ANDEDG*	
DRAWING NO	AFZ-SJZ-D21
MATERIAL	#6061
DRAWN BY	GUJIE
DATE	2007 03.30
CHECKED	
UNIT	mm
APPROVED	
SURFACE	RAW





NO.	SPEC.	MATERIAL	FIN.	QTY
09	DMS-01-1	Steel	CP	1
08	ST-F64-PJ-A-3	S45C	CP	1
07	ST-823C	#6061	T6	4
06	M16x2.0P×80L	STEEL	CP	1
05	Ø17*Ø30*3.0t	STEEL	CP	1
04	ST-5029-B1	#6061	T6	2
03	50.8x50.8x6.35t×349L	#6061	T6	1
02	50.8x50.8x6.35t×349L	#6061	T6	2
01	50.8x50.8x6.35t×400L	#6061	CP	2

TOLERANCE	RAO.05
>4-16	±0.1
>16-64	±0.2
>64-250	±0.3
>250-1000	±0.5
>1000-5000	±1.0
>5000-16000	±3.0

ITEM NO	DRAWING NO	MATERIAL	#6082	DATE	2007
YXJ-ZC02-07				11.27	
		DRAWN BY	Pang hong lei	SCALE	1:1
		CHECKED		UNIT	mm
		APPROVED		SURFACE	RAW



### **3 LOADS**

#### **Selfweight and Payload**

1. Selfweight F44: automatically in data processing
2. Pay-loads  $P = 10.5 \text{ kN}$   
In consideration of the dynamic factor  $P = 1.2 \cdot 10.5 = 12.6 \text{ kN}$

#### **Windloads**

Following cases are analysed according DIN 1055, part 4 (1987) and DIN 4112:

##### **Loadcase operational state:**

According DIN 4112 the following dynamic pressure can be applied, if the operation is shut down for windforce beaufort 8 (20.7 m/s (67.9 foot per second) (equivalent to downlifting the speakers)

For  $0 \div 5.00 \text{ m}$  above terrain  $q = 0,15 \text{ kN/m}^2$

For  $> 5.00 \text{ m}$  above terrain  $q = 0,25 \text{ kN/m}^2$

Wind on speakers  $h > 5.00 \text{ m}$  above terrain

Wind from rear in direction of cantilevers (+ X)

$$A = 3.8 \text{ m}^2 \quad cf = 1.3 \Rightarrow W = 1.3 \cdot 3.8 \cdot 0.25 < 1.25 \text{ kN}$$

PA anchored to the rear  $\Rightarrow$  Load is distributed to 2 points towerhead and approx. towercenter.

Wind from front (- X)

$$W < 1.25 \text{ kN (see above)}$$

Payload not anchored  $\Rightarrow$  Windload applied completely at the towerhead

Wind transverse to cantilever

$$A = 2.6 \text{ m}^2 \quad cf = 1.3 \Rightarrow W = 1.3 \cdot 2.6 \cdot 0.25 < 0.85 \text{ kN}$$

Payload anchored to the sides  $\Rightarrow$  Load is distributed to 2 points towerhead and center of cantilever.

In case of up- or downlifting simultaneously with wind half of the windload of the PA is applied (simplification, theoretical windload due to anchoring in the center =0)



### Wind on F44-Typ Tower

F44 : (Acc.. Tab. 8.2) :

$$\begin{aligned}d_1 &= 5 \text{ cm}, & d &= 40 \text{ cm}, \\A_u &= 40 \cdot 1.0 \text{ (cm)} = 40 \text{ cm/cm} \\A &= (5 \cdot 2 + 2.5 / \cos 45^\circ) \cdot 1.0 = 13.54 \text{ cm/cm}\end{aligned}$$

Solidity of  $n = 40 / 13,54 = 0,34$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\text{mit } d_1 \cdot q^{1/2} &= 0.05 \cdot 0.25^{1/2} = 0.025 \text{ acc. fig. 9b and} \\l/d &= 9.0 / 0.40 = 22.5 \text{ (Tab. 16.1) acc. fig. 14:}\end{aligned}$$

$$c_{r0} = 1.60\psi = 0.95 \quad q_H = 0.40 \cdot 0.34 \cdot 0.95 \cdot 1.60 \cdot q = 0.21 \times q$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Up to windforce 8 } < 5\text{m} : & 0.21 \cdot 0.15 = 0.032 \text{ kN/m} \\& > 5\text{m} : & 0.2 \cdot 0.25 = 0.052 \text{ kN/m}\end{aligned}$$

### Loadcase Operation shut down (windloads only on tower-construction)

Windloads on F44-Type acc. DIN 1055 Part4 analogue zu LC operational state

$$< 5\text{m}: \quad 0,21 \cdot 0,30 = 0,063 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$< 8\text{m}: \quad 0,21 \cdot 0,50 = 0,105 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$> 8\text{m}: \quad 0,21 \cdot 0,80 = 0,168 \text{ kN/m}$$

Case b is not decisive, because it causes considerable lower internal forces:

For comparison:

$$\text{Moment from wind only from PA at wf 8} \quad M > 0,625 \cdot 9,2 = 5,75 \text{ kNm}$$

Moment from wind on F44

$$M = 0,063 \cdot 5^2 / 2 + 0,105 \cdot 3,0 \cdot 6,5 + 0,168 \cdot 1,16 \cdot 8,58 = 4,50 \text{ kNm}$$

Therefore case b is not further verificated.

Stabilisation-loads are negligible compared to the windloads.





### C Loadcases for data-processing (DP):

For verification of the tower the calculation are made according to the 2nd order theory.

Therefore the following loadcases are calculated with a safety factor of 1.7 acc. DIN 4113 and superposed.

LC 1	selfweight
LC 2	pay-load
LC 3	wind on truss from the front ( +X)
LC 4	wind on truss from the rear ( -X)
LC 5	wind on truss from the side (Y)
LC 6	wind on payload from the front
LC 7	wind on payload from the rear
LC 8	wind on payload from the side

Loadcases for calculation acc. 2nd order theory

Safety-factor acc. DIN 4113 (f = 1.7)

Operation without dynamic factor

LC 20	= 1.70 x ( LC1 + LC12 + LC3 + LC6)
LC 21	= 1.70 x ( LC1 + LC12 + LC4 + LC7)
LC 22	= 1.70 x ( LC1 + LC12 + LC5 + LC8)

Operation without dynamic factor + half of the windload on payload

LC 23	= 1.70 x ( LC1 + 1,2xLC12 + LC3 + 0.5xLC6)
LC 24	= 1.70 x ( LC1 + 1,2xLC12 + LC4 + 0.5xLC7)
LC 25	= 1.70 x ( LC1 + 1,2xLC12 + LC5 + 0.5x LC8)

For the documentaion of the results a combination of the loadcases LC20-25 is created in which each loadcase is defined as an exclusive variable load.

For the verifications acc. DIN 4112 the inner forces are reduced from the 1.7-fold loads to 1.0-fold loads (f = 1/1.7 = 0.588)



#### **4 CALCULATION / INTERNAL FORCES**

Only the inner forces of loadcombination 100 are documented graphically.  
Additionally the necessary inner forces for the verifications are documented tabularly.

For the verification of the tower -construction the tower-construction is generated as framework.

Bearings are calculated acc. 2nd order theory with failure in case of tractive force. .



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :

### System characteristics

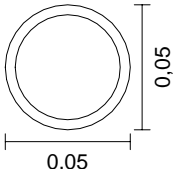
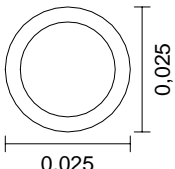
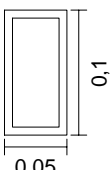
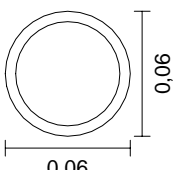
355 Nodes	
616 Elements	584 Beams
14 Supports	0 Slabs
7 Link elements	0 Plains
7 Material properties	32 Shells
7 Section properties	0 Cables
14 Load cases	0 Solids
1 LC Combinations	0 Spring elements
0 Tendon groups	

Result location in area elements: Node  
 2 Result locations in beam elements

### Rotated element systems

26 Element systems  
 0 Internal force systems  
 0 Reinforcement systems

### Section properties

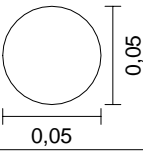
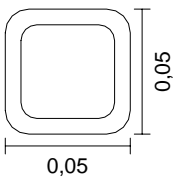
1	Polygon 	50x4 Centroid [m] Area [m <sup>2</sup> ] Moments of inertia [m <sup>4</sup> ] Main axis angle [Grad]	ys = -0,000 A = 5,7435e-04 lx = 3,0396e-07 ly = 1,5208e-07 lz = 1,5208e-07 Phi = 0,000	zs = -0,000 lyz = 0,0000e+00 I1 = 1,5208e-07 I2 = 1,5208e-07
2	Polygon 	25x3 Centroid [m] Area [m <sup>2</sup> ] Moments of inertia [m <sup>4</sup> ] Main axis angle [Grad]	ys = -0,000 A = 2,0602e-04 lx = 2,5217e-08 ly = 1,2614e-08 lz = 1,2614e-08 Phi = 0,000	zs = -0,000 lyz = 0,0000e+00 I1 = 1,2614e-08 I2 = 1,2614e-08
3	Polygon 	100x50x6,3 Centroid [m] Area [m <sup>2</sup> ] Moments of inertia [m <sup>4</sup> ] Main axis angle [Grad]	ys = -0,000 A = 1,7437e-03 lx = 1,6254e-06 ly = 2,0986e-06 lz = 6,6413e-07 Phi = -0,000	zs = 0,075 lyz = 0,0000e+00 I1 = 2,0986e-06 I2 = 6,6413e-07
4	Polygon 	60x5 Centroid [m] Area [m <sup>2</sup> ] Moments of inertia [m <sup>4</sup> ] Main axis angle [Grad]	ys = -0,000 A = 8,5840e-04 lx = 6,4990e-07 ly = 3,2517e-07 lz = 3,2517e-07 Phi = 0,000	zs = -0,000 lyz = 0,0000e+00 I1 = 3,2517e-07 I2 = 3,2517e-07



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :

### Section properties

5	Area	Element thickness [m] Orthotropy dzy/dz E-Modulus slab/plain	dz = 0,0050 = 1 = 1	torsion-free
6	Polygon 	Centroid [m] Area [m²] Moments of inertia [m4] Main axis angle [Grad]	ys = -0,000 A = 1,9509e-03 Ix = 1,0000e-06 ly = 3,0288e-07 Iz = 3,0288e-07 Phi = 0,000	zs = 0,000 lyz = 0,0000e+00 I1 = 3,0288e-07 I2 = 3,0288e-07
9	Library se 	QRO 50 x 50 x 6,3 (MSH); 50x50x6,3 Centroid [m] Area [m²] Moments of inertia [m4] Main axis angle [Grad]	ys = 0,000 A = 1,0600e-03 Ix = 5,5200e-07 ly = 3,2800e-07 Iz = 3,2800e-07 Phi = 0,000	zs = 0,000 lyz = 0,0000e+00 I1 = 3,2800e-07 I2 = 3,2800e-07

### Material properties

	No.	Type	E-Modu. [MN/m²]	G-Modu. [MN/m²]	Poiss. ratio	alpha.t [1/K]	gamma [kN/m³]
1	1	Frei	70000	27000	0,20	1,000e-05	27,000
2	2	Frei	70000	27000	0,20	1,000e-05	27,000
3	3	Frei	70000	27000	0,30	1,200e-05	27,000
4	4	Frei	700000	27000	0,20	1,000e-05	27,000
5	5	Frei	70000	10400	0,20	1,000e-05	27,000
6	6	Frei	70000	27000	0,20	1,000e-05	27,000
7	9	Frei	70000	27000	0,30	1,200e-05	27,000

### Supports

	Node	Rotation around axis [°]			'F' = fixed, '-' = free or coeff. of resilience [MN/m] and/or [MNm]						Ter lc
		x	y	z	ux	uy	uz	phi.x	phi.y	phi.z	
1	1000	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
2	1001	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
3	1002	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
4	1003	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
5	1010	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
6	1011	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
7	1012	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
8	1013	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
9	1021	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
10	1022	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
11	1023	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
12	1031	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
13	1032	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z
14	1033	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,10	0,10	F	-	-	-	L:z



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :

### Link elements

	Depen. Node	Degr. free.	No.	Related node and factors for degrees of freedom					
				ux	uy	uz	phi.x	phi.y	phi.z
1	97	SS	74						
2	100	SS	77						
3	104	SS	78						
4	113	SS	18						
5	117	SS	94						
6	128	SS	27						
7	256	SS	34						

SS Stiff link element

### List of load cases

LC.	Label
1	g
2	Nutzlast
3	wind +x
4	Wind -x
5	Wind y
6	Wind PA +x
7	Wind PA -x
8	Wind PA y
20	Th II.O LF1+2+3+6
21	TH II.O LF1+2+4+7
22	Th II.O LF1+2+5+8
23	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+3+0,5x6
24	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+4+0,5x7
25	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+5+0,5x8

### Load case combination 100

1. Variable exclusive action			Factor
20	Th II.O LF1+2+3+6		0,588
21	TH II.O LF1+2+4+7		0,588
22	Th II.O LF1+2+5+8		0,588
23	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+3+0,5x6		0,588
24	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+4+0,5x7		0,588
25 Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+5+0,5x8			0,588

### Sum of installed loads and support reactions

LC.	Label	Fx [kN]	Fy [kN]	Fz [kN]
1	g	-0,000	0,000	2,368
	Support reactions	-0,000	0,000	2,368
2	Nutzlast	0,000	0,000	10,500
	Support reactions	-0,000	0,000	10,500



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :

### Sum of installed loads and support reactions

LC.	Label	Fx [kN]	Fy [kN]	Fz [kN]
3	wind +x	0,340	0,000	0,060
	Support reactions	0,340	0,000	0,060
4	Wind -x	-0,340	-0,000	-0,060
	Support reactions	-0,340	-0,000	-0,060
5	Wind y	0,000	0,356	0,000
	Support reactions	0,000	0,356	-0,000
6	Wind PA +x	1,240	0,000	0,000
	Support reactions	1,240	0,000	0,000
7	Wind PA -x	-1,250	0,000	0,000
	Support reactions	-1,250	-0,000	-0,000
8	Wind PA y	0,000	0,425	0,000
	Support reactions	0,000	0,425	-0,000
20	Th II.O LF1+2+3+6	2,686	0,000	21,977
	Support reactions	2,686	-0,000	21,977
21	TH II.O LF1+2+4+7	-2,703	0,000	21,774
	Support reactions	-2,703	0,000	21,774
22	Th II.O LF1+2+5+8	-0,000	1,328	21,875
	Support reactions	0,000	1,328	21,875
23	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+3+0,5x6	1,632	0,000	25,547
	Support reactions	1,632	-0,000	25,547
24	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+4+0,5x7	-1,641	0,000	25,344
	Support reactions	-1,641	0,000	25,344
25	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+5+0,5x8	0,000	0,967	25,445
	Support reactions	0,000	0,967	25,445

### Location of load resultant

	Load c.	x [m]	y [m]	z [m]
1	1	1,26	0,20	0,00
2	2	2,37	0,20	0,00
3	3	0,00	0,20	-5,56
4	4	0,00	0,20	-5,56
5	5	1,09	0,00	-5,31
6	6	0,00	0,20	-6,26
7	7	0,00	0,20	-9,16
8	8	2,37	0,00	-9,16
9	20	2,90	0,20	0,00
10	21	1,13	0,20	0,00
11	22	2,16	0,65	0,00
12	23	2,57	0,20	0,00



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M 1 :

**Location of load resultant**

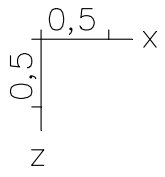
	Load c.	x [m]	y [m]	z [m]
13	24	1,69	0,20	0,00
14	25	2,19	0,46	0,00



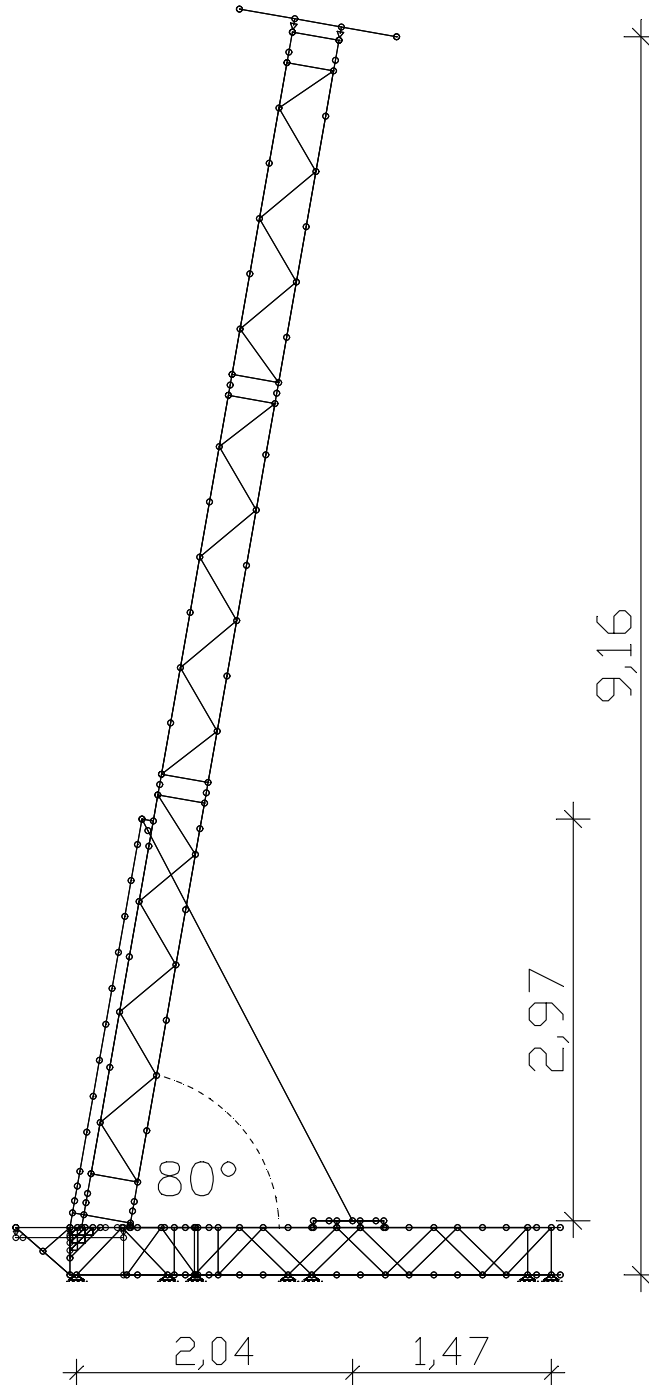
0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

Bem-XZ

M 1 : 56



45 2,37 1,14

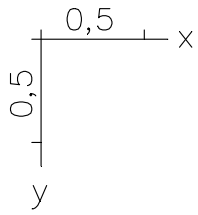




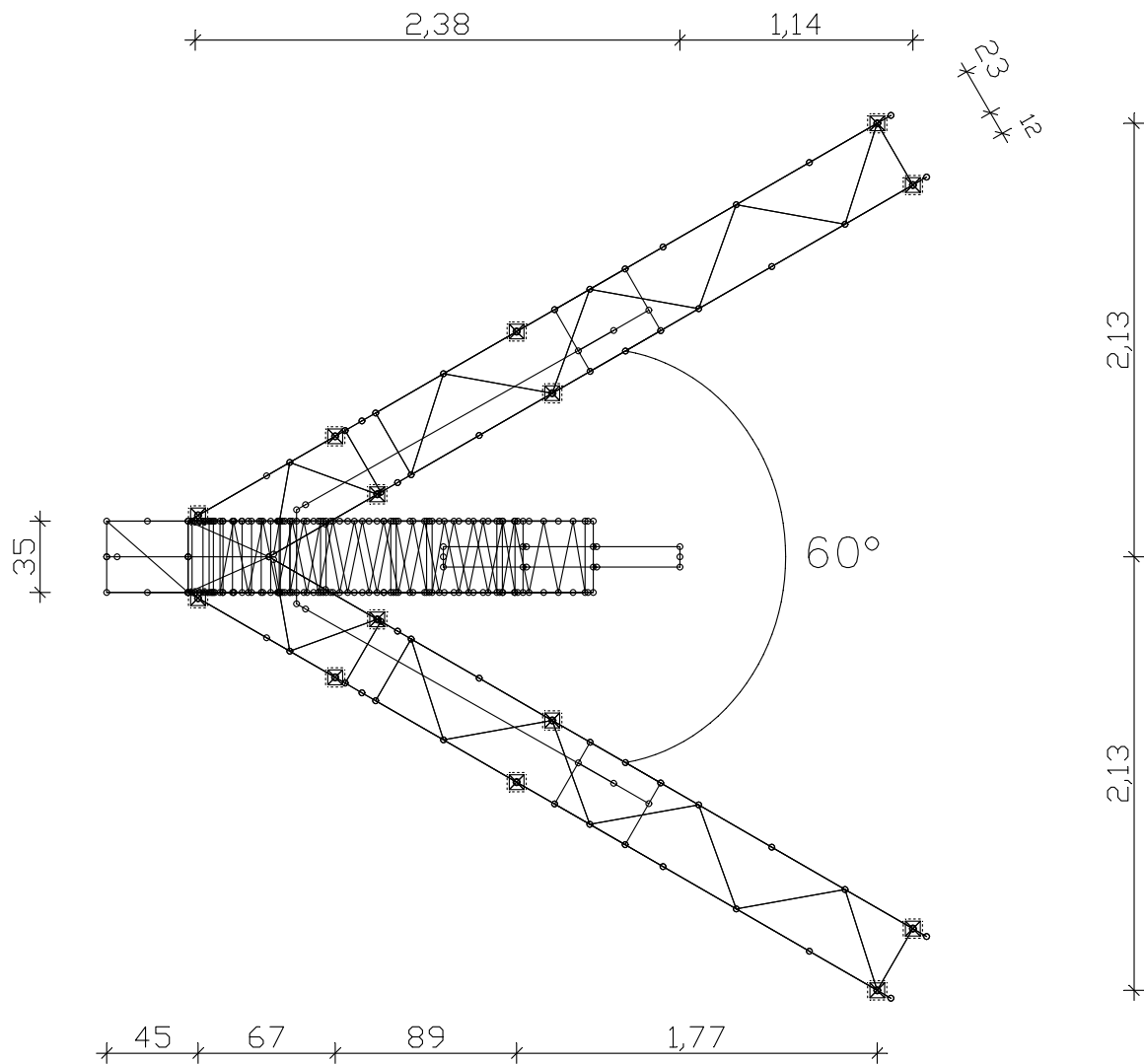


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Bem-XY

M 1 : 37



Vermaßung Hängepunkt Nutzlast zu Auflager

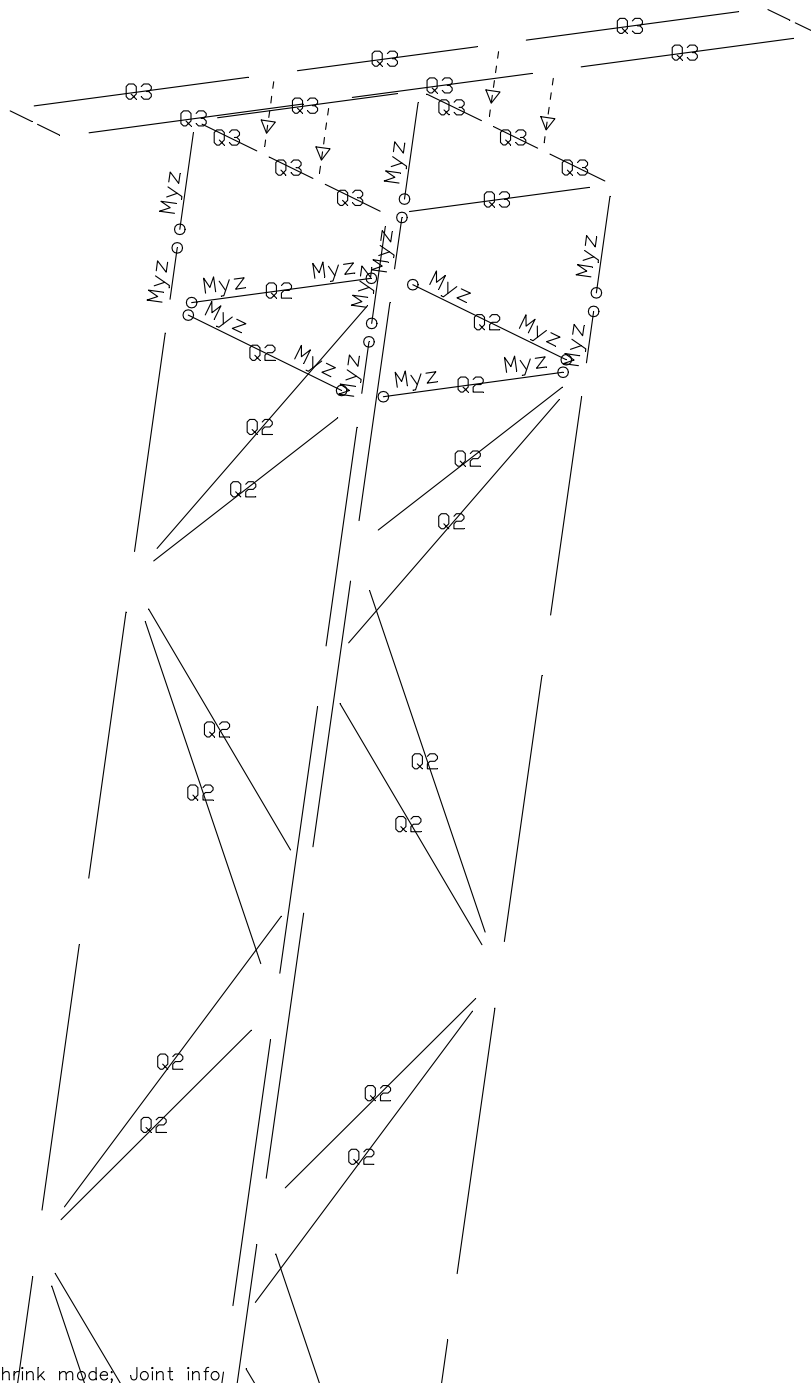
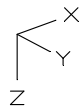




0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

Querschnittsnummern (>1); Schrumpfdarstellung; Gelenkinfo

M 1 : 9



Section numbers (>1); Shrink mode; Joint info

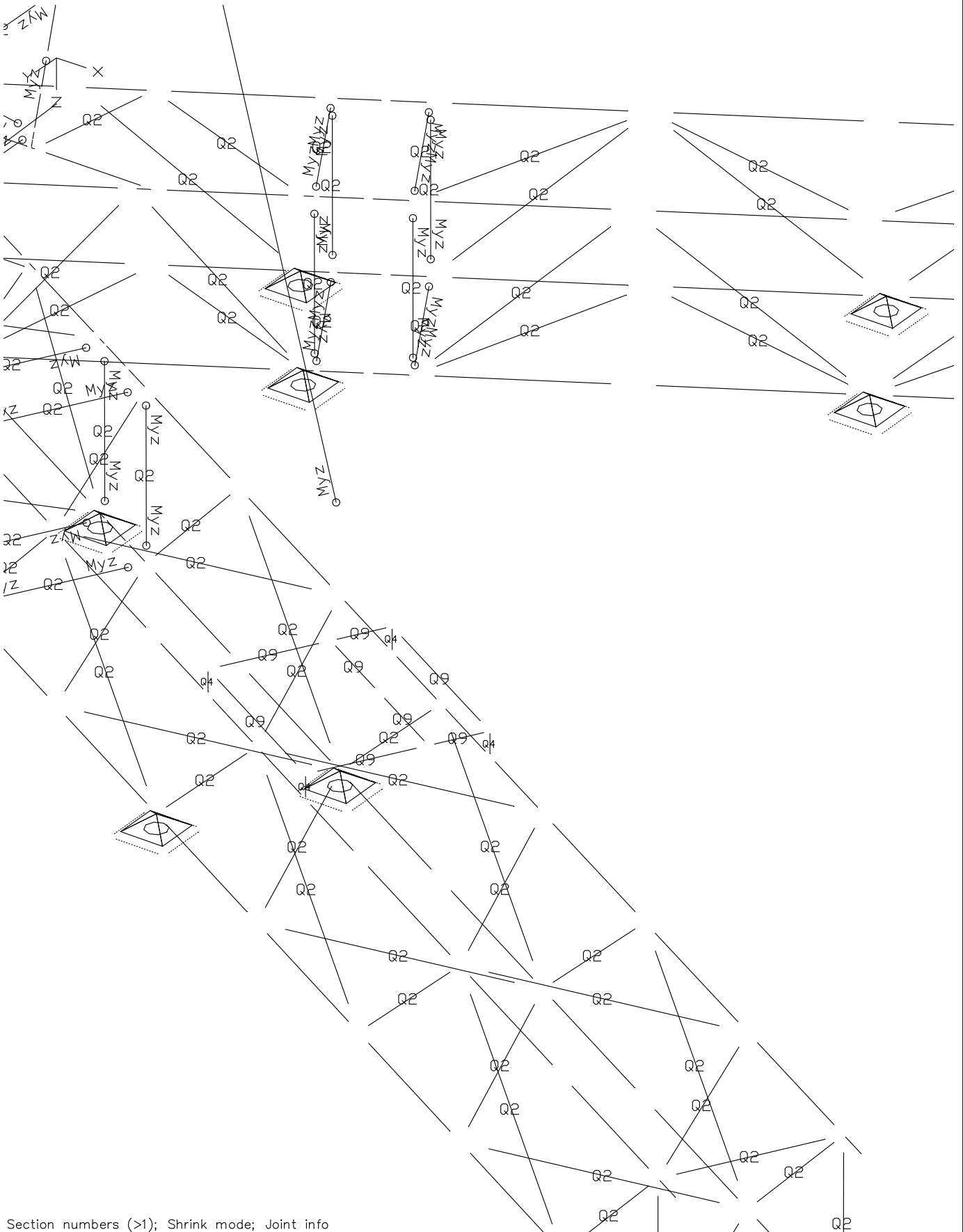




0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

Querschnittsnummern (>1); Schrumpfdarstellung; Gelenkinfo

M 1 : 9



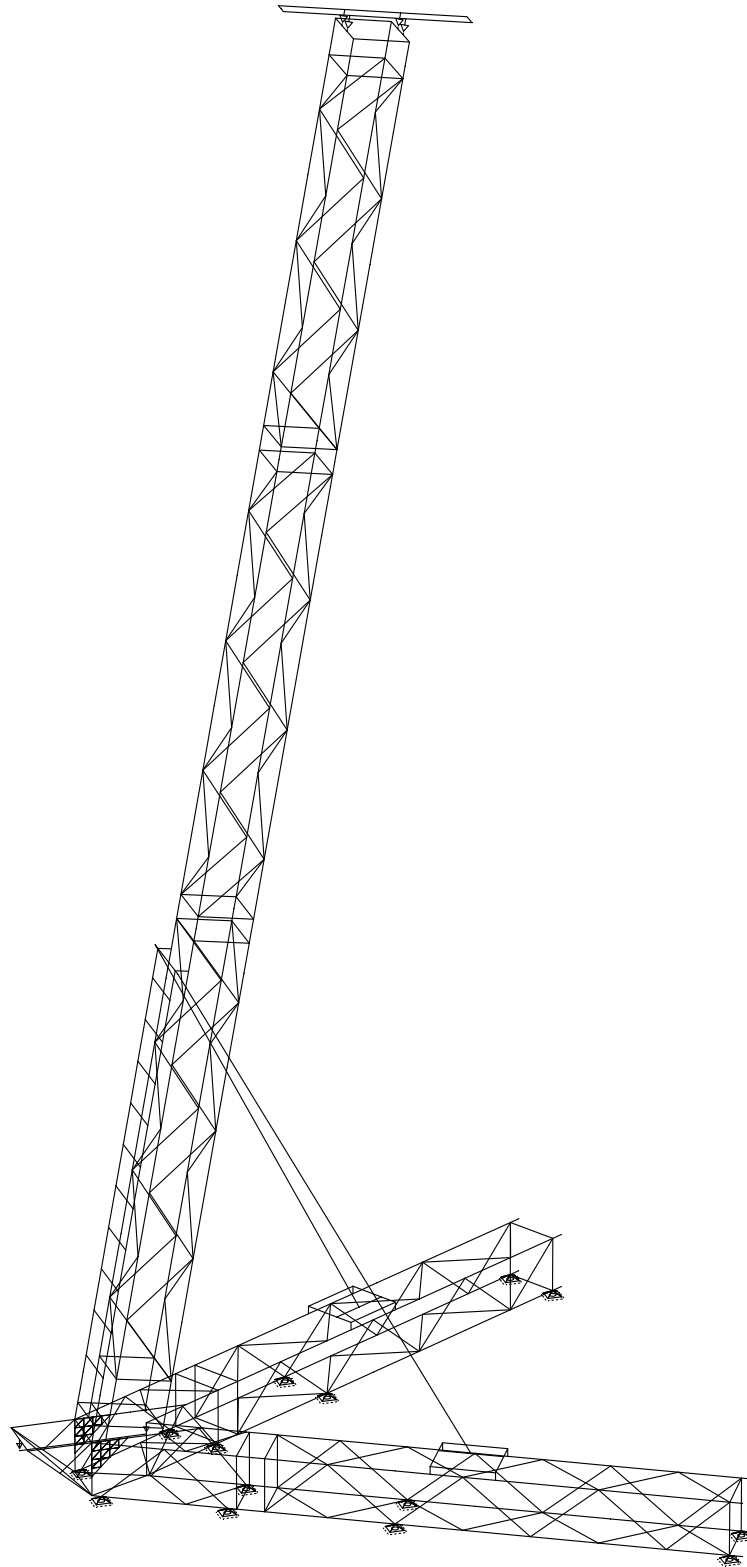
Section numbers (>1); Shrink mode; Joint info



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss  
LF 1: Belastung, g

M 1 : 45

DEAD LOAD

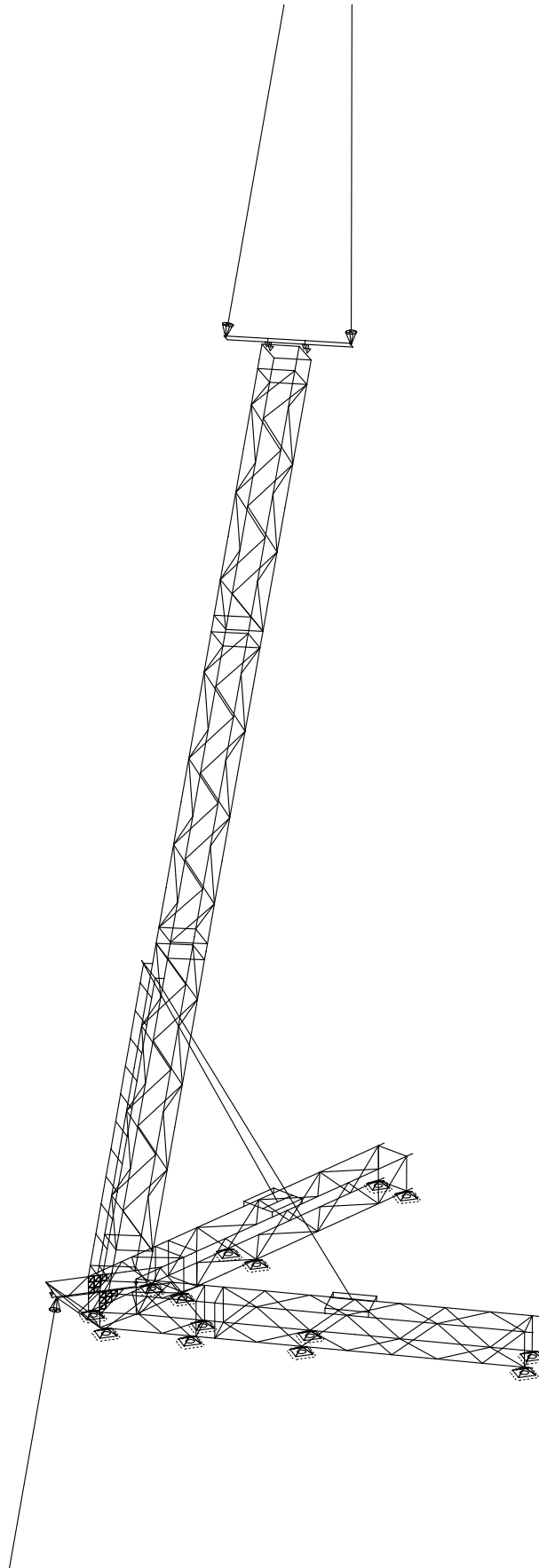


LC 1: Load, g



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LF 2: Belastung, Nutzlast

M 1 : 60

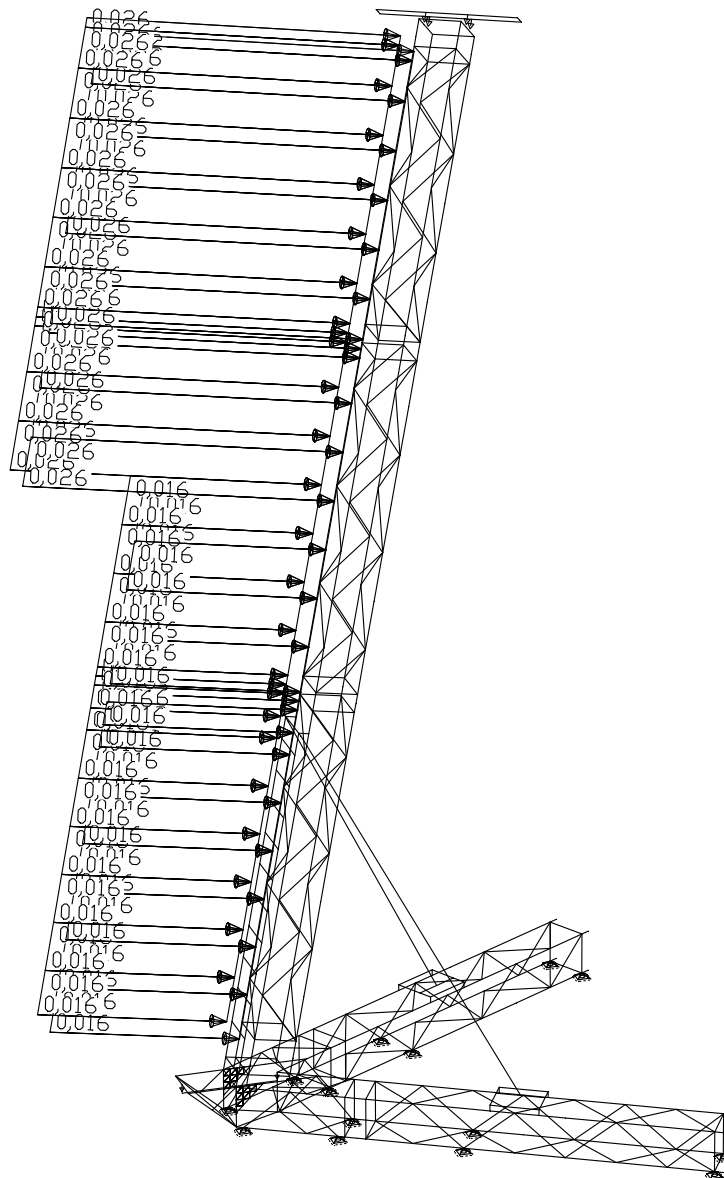


LC 2: Load, Nutzlast



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LF 3: Belastung, wind +x

M 1 : 60

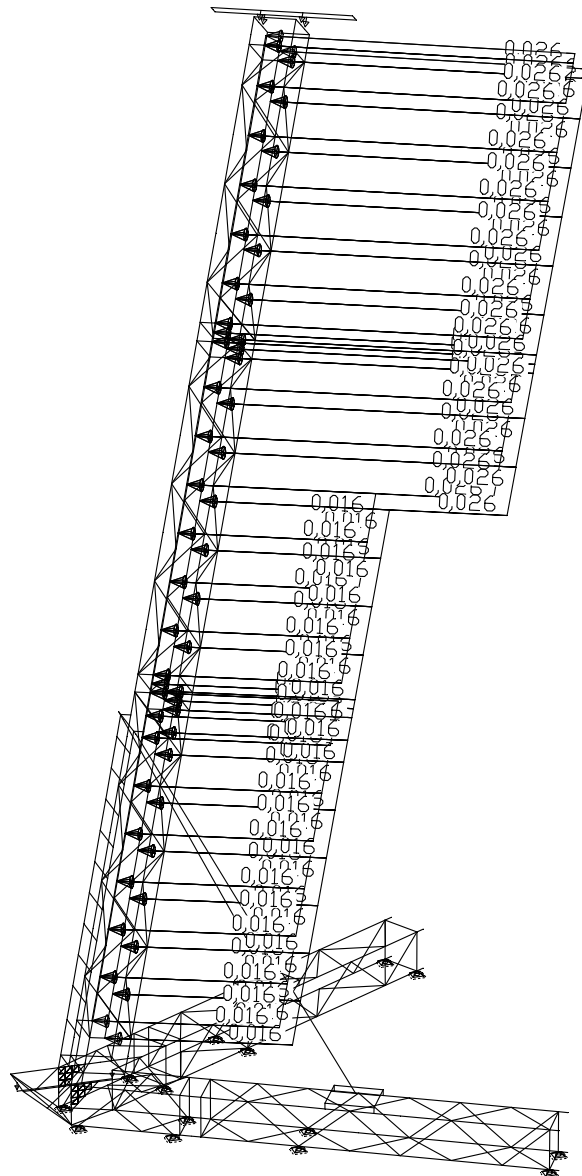


LC 3: Load, wind +x



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LF 4: Belastung, Wind -x

M 1 : 60



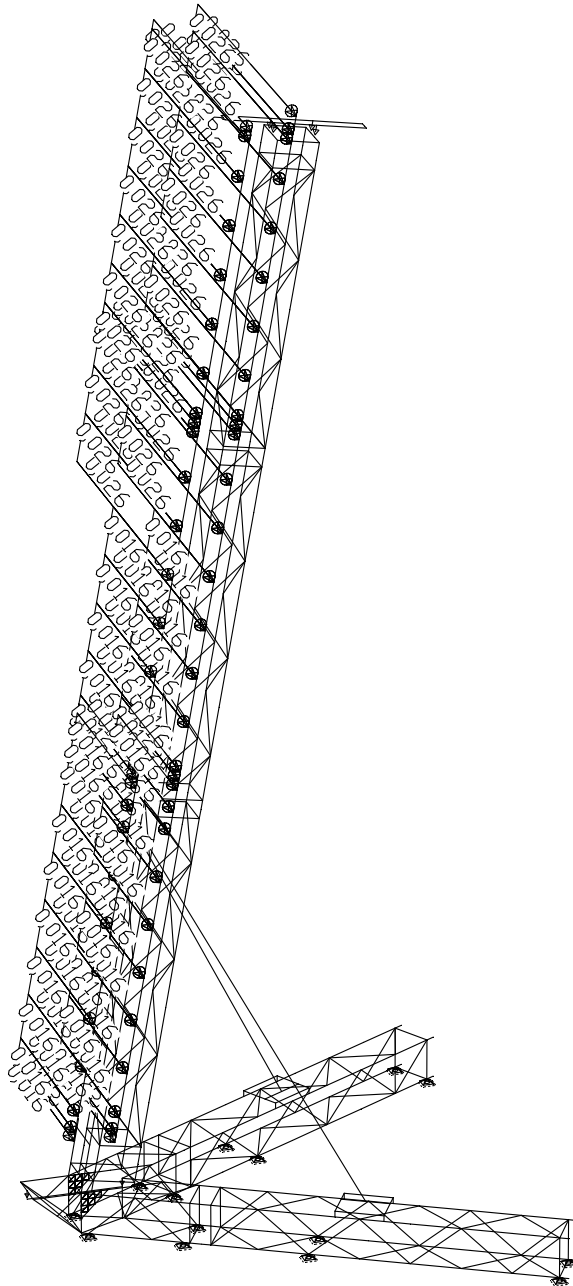
LC 4: Load, Wind -x





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LF 5: Belastung, Wind y

M 1 : 60

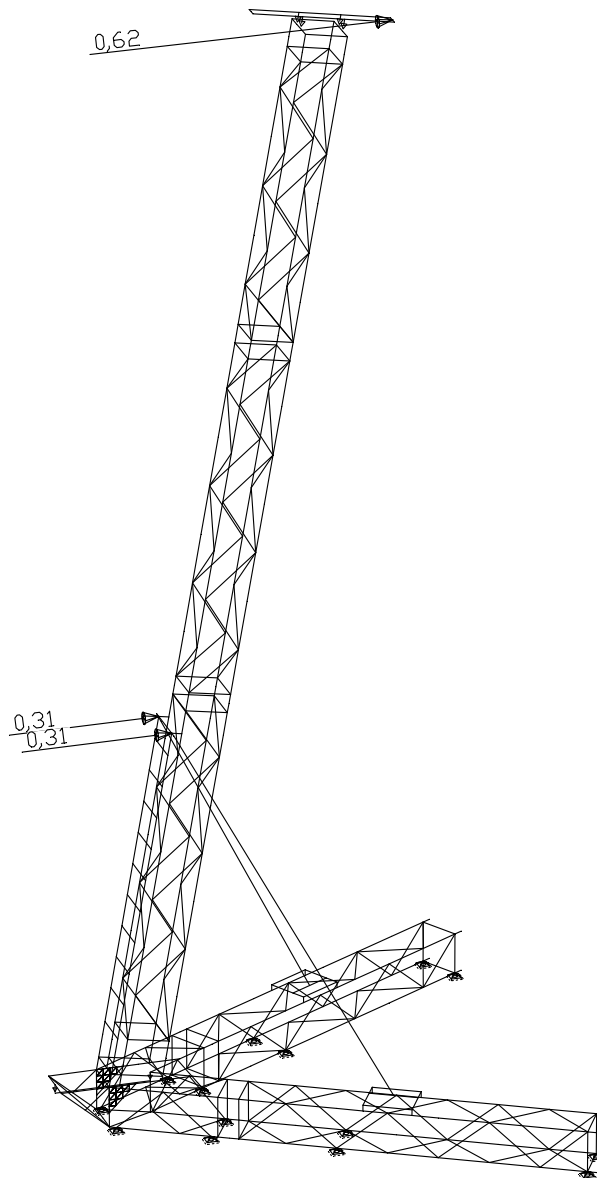


LC 5: Load, Wind y



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LF 6: Belastung, Wind PA +x

M 1 : 60

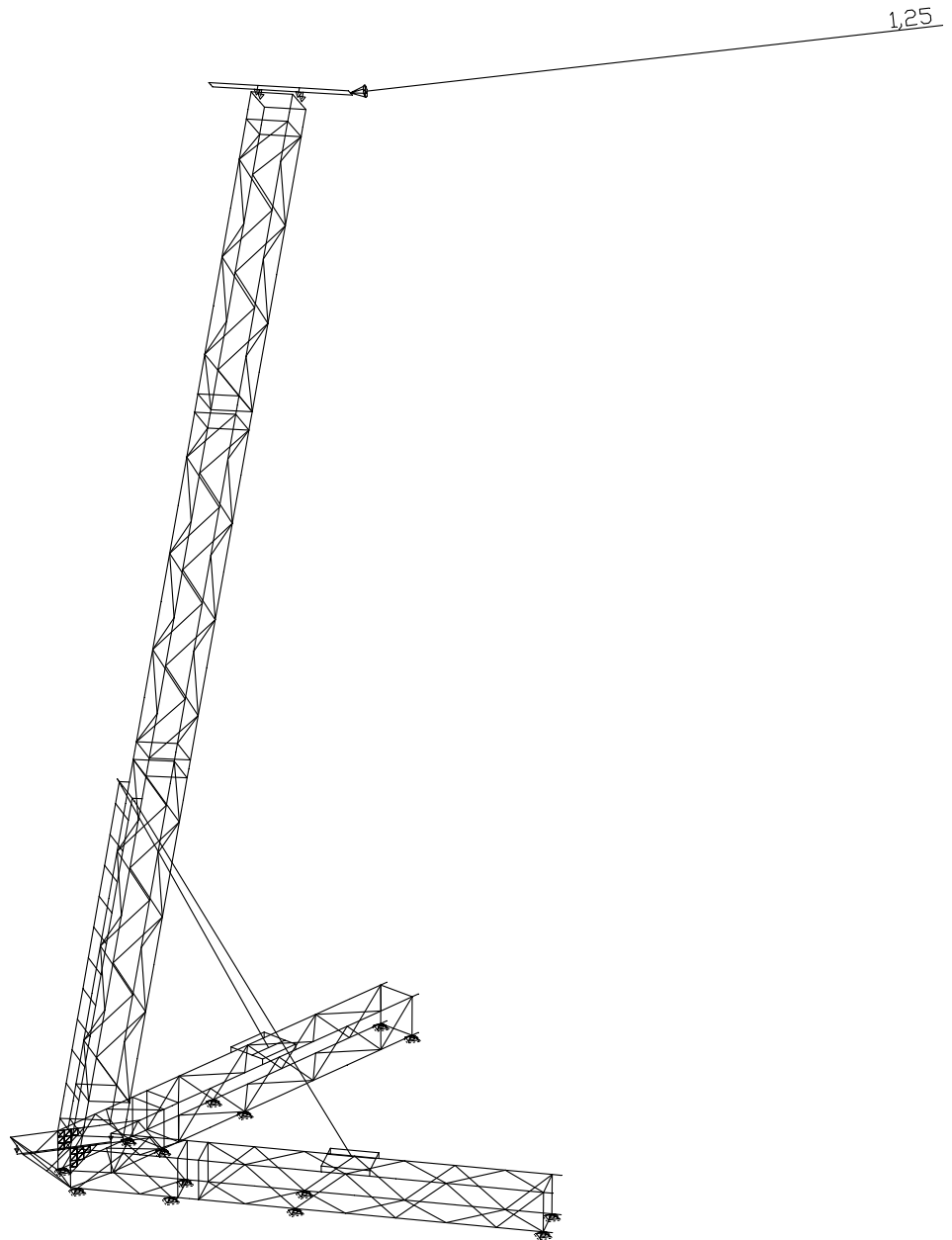


LC 6: Load, Wind PA +x



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LF 7: Belastung, Wind PA –x

M 1 : 60

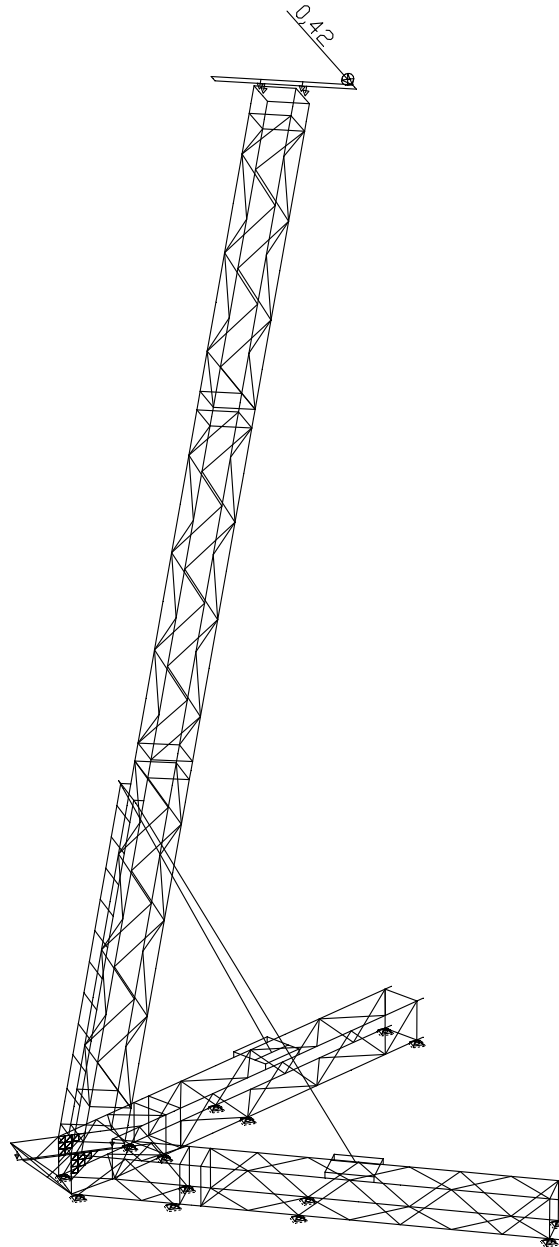


LC 7: Load, Wind PA –x



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LF 8: Belastung, Wind PA y

M 1 : 60



LC 8: Load, Wind PA y



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M 1 :

**Load data load case 20: Th II.O LF1+2+3+6**

Load group (GRL)

Theory: Theory 2. order

No soil pressure > 0: No; No support reac. < 0: Yes; Error threshold [%]: 0,10

Additional global load factor: 1,70; Predeformation: 0

Consider concrete creeping in the nonlinear analysis: Yes

Selected load cases

No.\Label	Factor	
1	g	1
2	Nutzlast	1
3	wind +x	1
6	Wind PA +x	1

Creep coefficients for sections

**Load data load case 21: TH II.O LF1+2+4+7**

Load group (GRL)

Theory: Theory 2. order

No soil pressure > 0: No; No support reac. < 0: Yes; Error threshold [%]: 0,10

Additional global load factor: 1,70; Predeformation: 0

Consider concrete creeping in the nonlinear analysis: Yes

Selected load cases

No.\Label	Factor	
1	g	1
2	Nutzlast	1
4	Wind -x	1
7	Wind PA -x	1

Creep coefficients for sections

**Load data load case 22: Th II.O LF1+2+5+8**

Load group (GRL)

Theory: Theory 2. order

No soil pressure > 0: No; No support reac. < 0: Yes; Error threshold [%]: 0,10

Additional global load factor: 1,70; Predeformation: 0

Consider concrete creeping in the nonlinear analysis: Yes

Selected load cases

No.\Label	Factor	
1	g	1
2	Nutzlast	1
5	Wind y	1
8	Wind PA y	1

Creep coefficients for sections



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :

**Load data load case 23: Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+3+0,5x6**

Load group (GRL)

Theory: Theory 2. order

No soil pressure > 0: No; No support reac. < 0: Yes; Error threshold [%]: 0,10

Additional global load factor: 1,70; Predeformation: 0

Consider concrete creeping in the nonlinear analysis: Yes

Selected load cases

No.\Label	Factor	
1	g	1
2	Nutzlast	1,2
3	wind +x	1
6	Wind PA +x	0,5

Creep coefficients for sections

**Load data load case 24: Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+4+0,5x7**

Load group (GRL)

Theory: Theory 2. order

No soil pressure > 0: No; No support reac. < 0: Yes; Error threshold [%]: 0,10

Additional global load factor: 1,70; Predeformation: 0

Consider concrete creeping in the nonlinear analysis: Yes

Selected load cases

No.\Label	Factor	
1	g	1
2	Nutzlast	1,2
4	Wind -x	1
7	Wind PA -x	0,5

Creep coefficients for sections

**Load data load case 25: Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+5+0,5x8**

Load group (GRL)

Theory: Theory 2. order

No soil pressure > 0: No; No support reac. < 0: Yes; Error threshold [%]: 0,10

Additional global load factor: 1,70; Predeformation: 0

Consider concrete creeping in the nonlinear analysis: Yes

Selected load cases

No.\Label	Factor	
1	g	1
2	Nutzlast	1,2
5	Wind y	1
8	Wind PA y	0,5

Creep coefficients for sections



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :

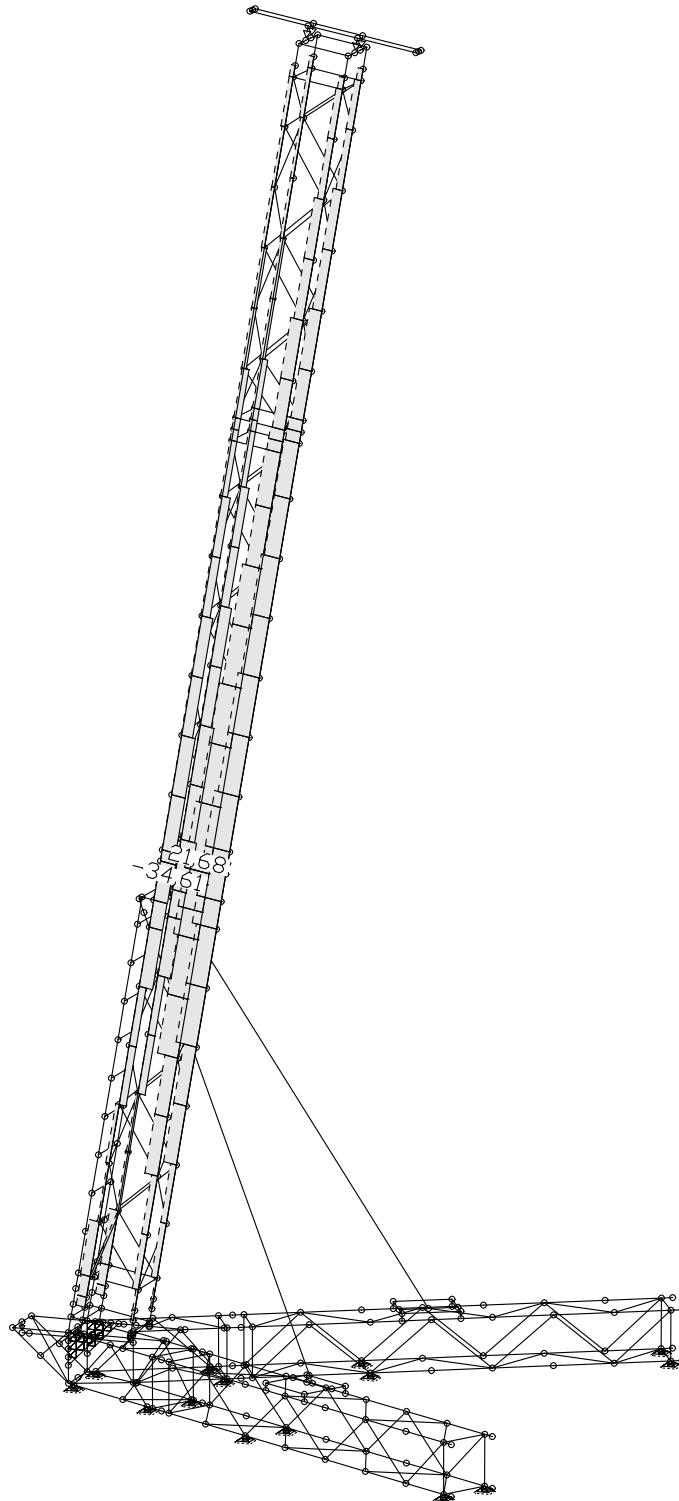
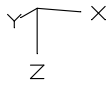
### Load case combination 100

1. Variable exclusive action		Factor
20	Th II.O LF1+2+3+6	0,588
21	TH II.O LF1+2+4+7	0,588
22	Th II.O LF1+2+5+8	0,588
23	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+3+0,5x6	0,588
24	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+4+0,5x7	0,588
25	Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+5+0,5x8	0,588



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss  
Schnittgrößen Nx min, max; K100

M 1 : 50



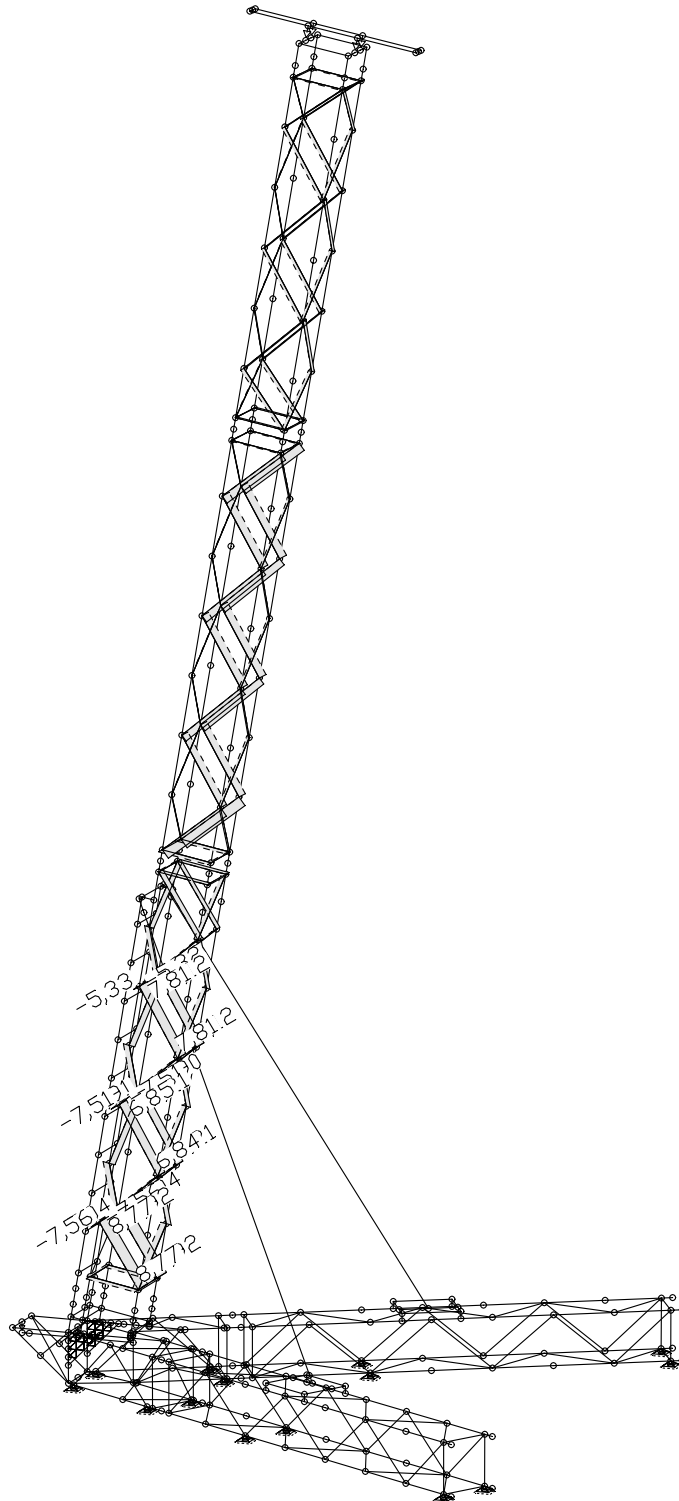
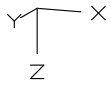
LFK 100: Selected Internal forces min,max Nx [kN]  
Value range (overall system, min/max): -34,67/21,96 [kN]  
Section color





0955 – PA Tower Global Truss  
Schnittgrößen Nx min, max; K100

M 1 : 50

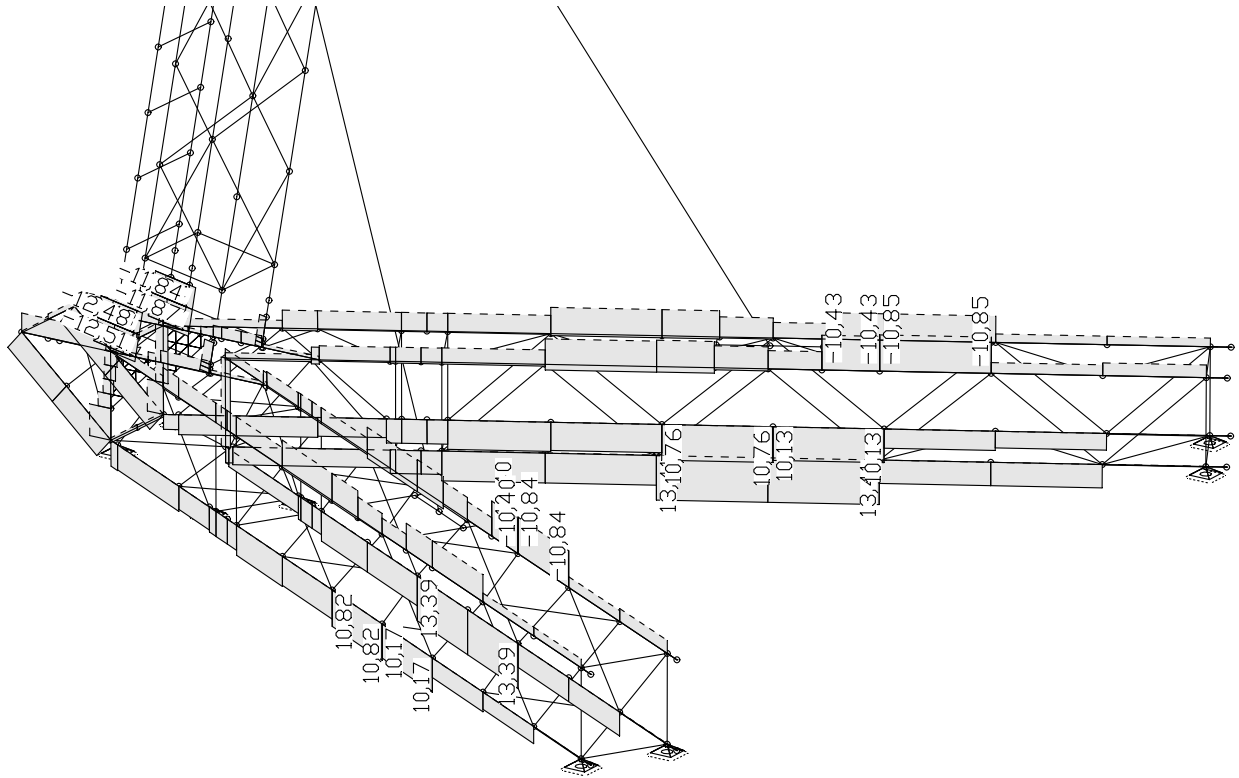


LFK 100: Selected Internal forces min,max Nx [kN]  
Value range (subsystem, min/max): -7,56/8,92 [kN]  
Section color



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :

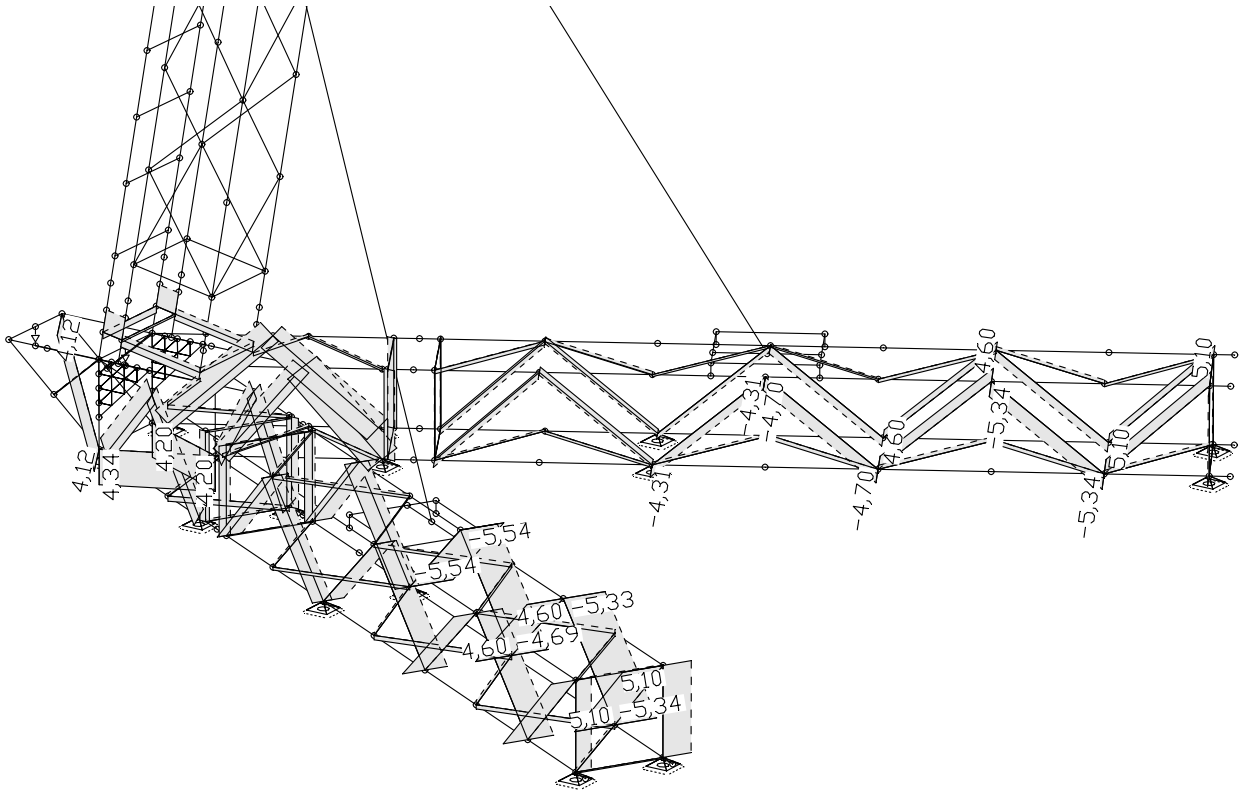


Schnittgrößen Nx min, max; K100



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M 1 :

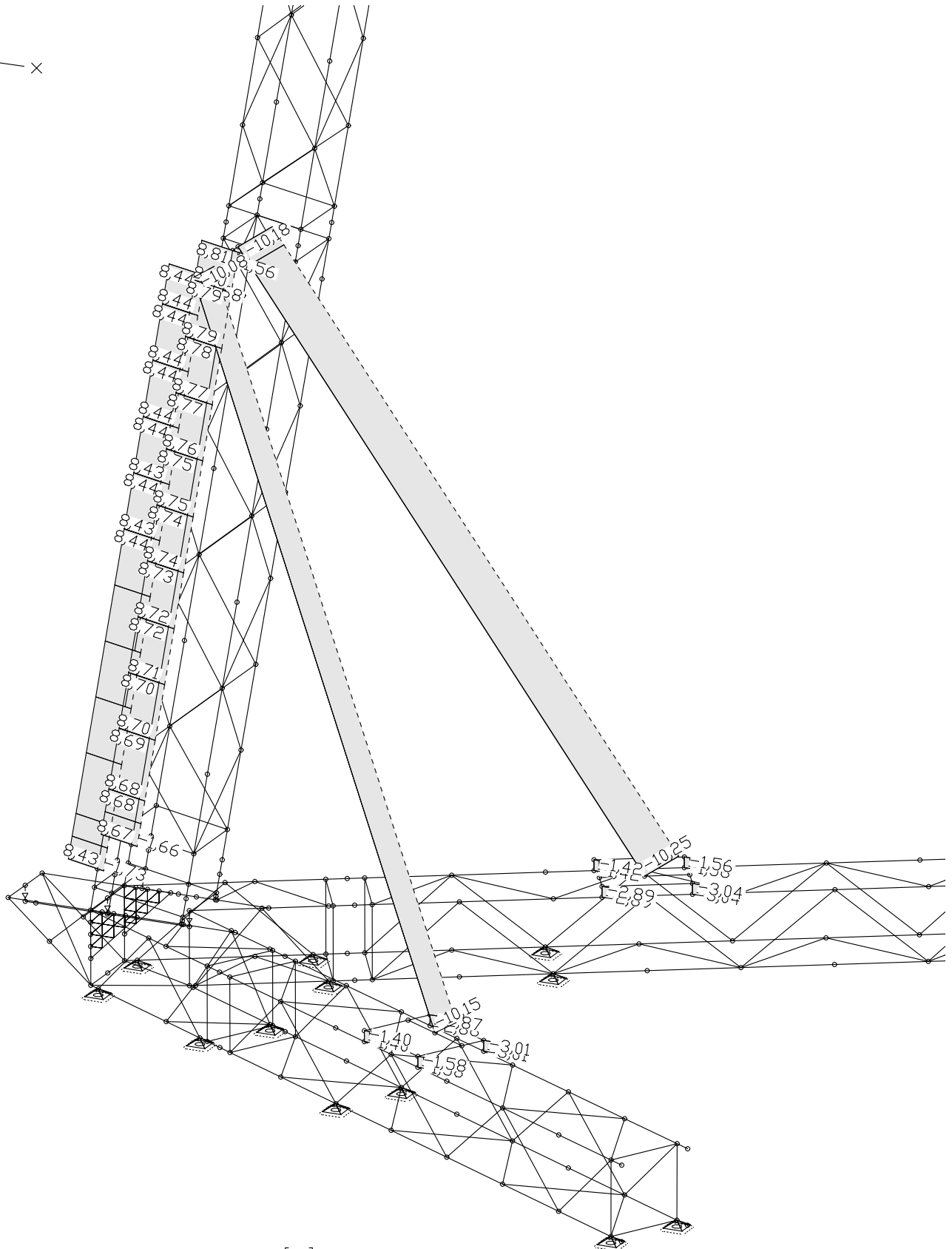
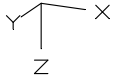


Schnittgrößen Nx min, max; K100



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 Schnittgrößen Nx min, max; K100

M 1 : 20



LFK 100: Selected Internal forces min,max Nx [kN]  
 Value range (subsystem, min/max): -10,25/8,81 [kN]  
 Section color

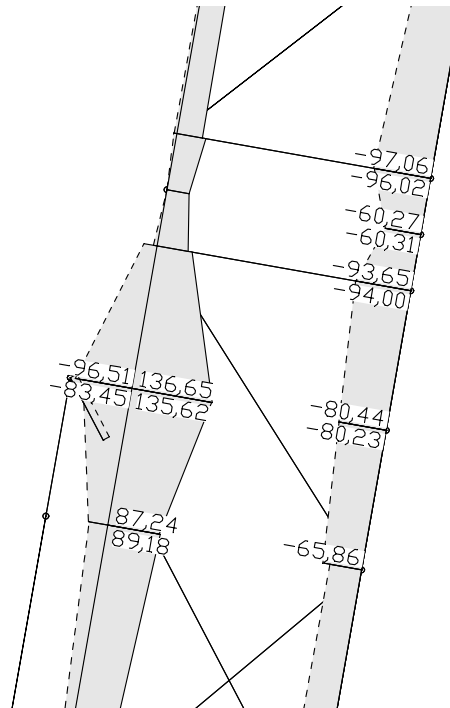




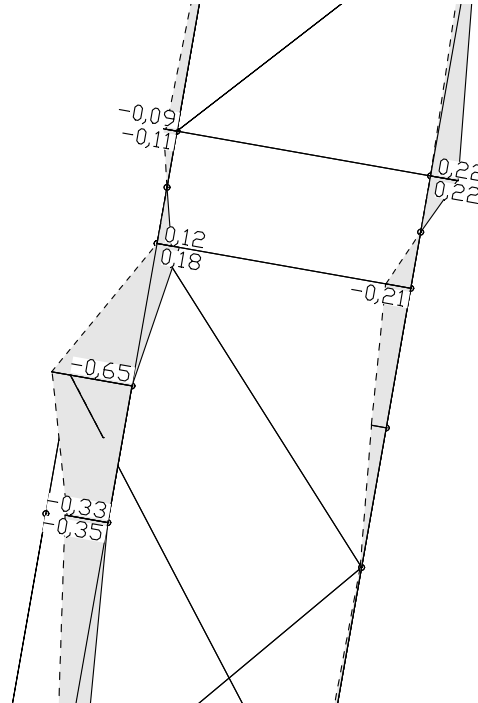


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M 1 :



Sigma.x min, max; K100



Schnittgrößen My min, max; K100



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :

**Combination information - Beam 503 - Node 386 - My min, max  
 K100 :**

Load case	Factor	Nx [kN]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]	Qy [kN]	Qz [kN]	Mx [kNm]
25 : Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+5+0,5x8 My min	0,59	10,04 10,04	-0,65 -0,65	-0,11 -0,11	0,50 0,50	4,51 4,51	0,01 0,01
My max		0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00

**Combination information - Beam 240 - Node 81 - My min, max  
 K100 :**

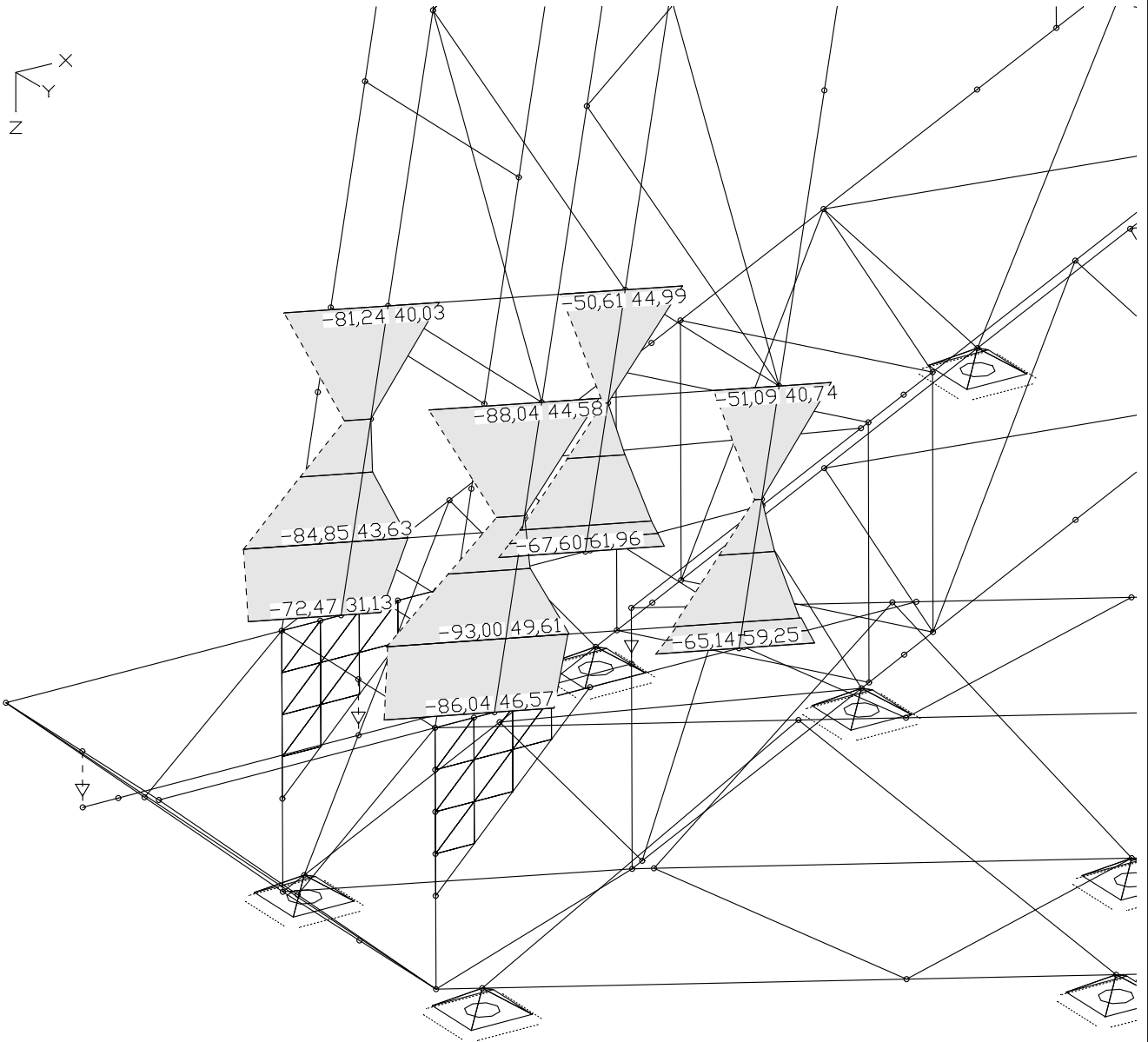
Load case	Factor	Nx [kN]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]	Qy [kN]	Qz [kN]	Mx [kNm]
My min		0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
23 : Th II.O LF1+1,2x2+3+0,5x6 My max	0,59	-34,53 -34,53	0,22 0,22	0,01 0,01	-0,01 -0,01	-1,44 -1,44	0,00 0,00





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Sigma.x min, max; K100

M 1 : 8

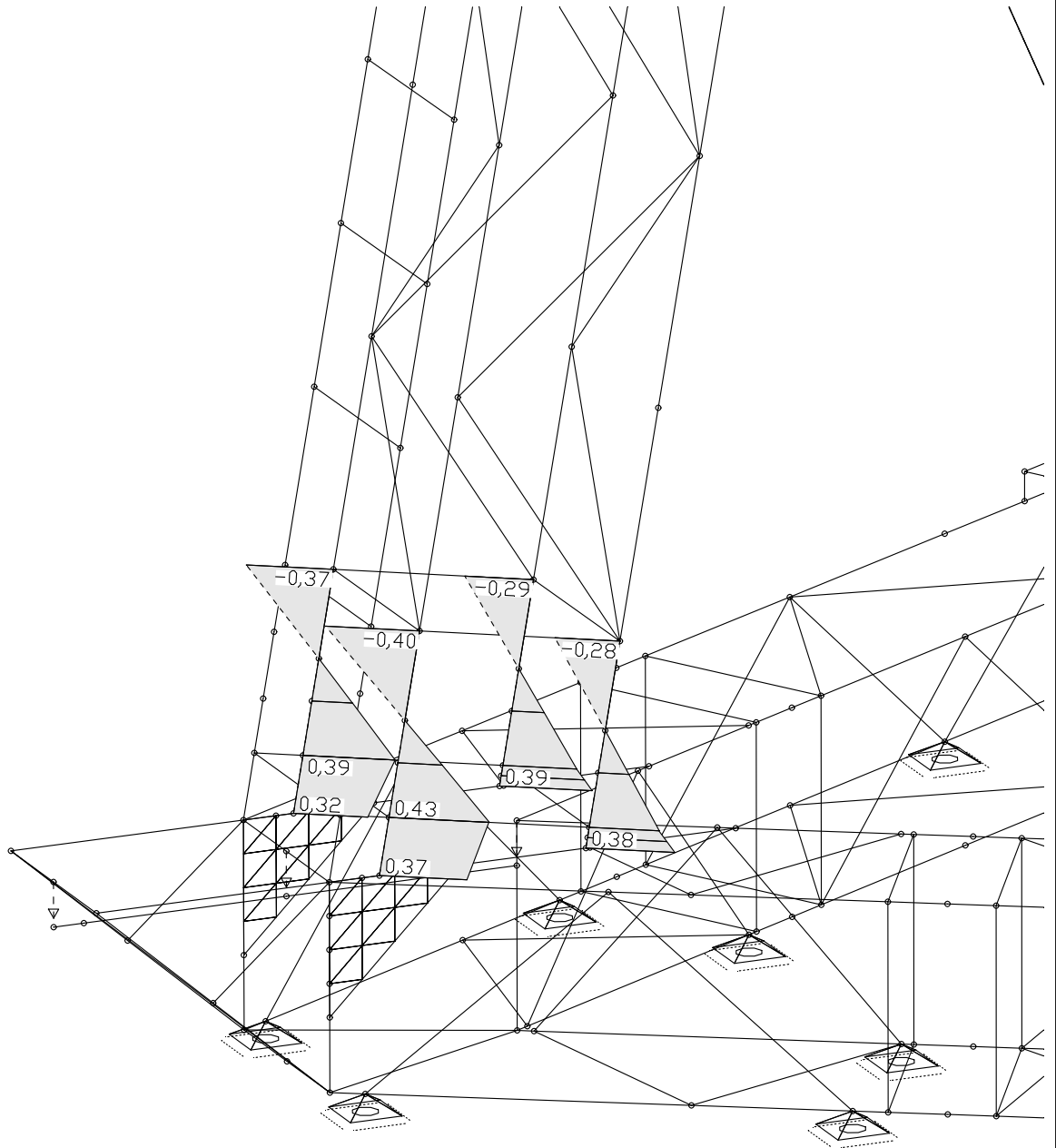


LFK 100: Selected Stresses min,max Sigma.x [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Value range (subsystem, min/max): -93,00/61,96 [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Section color



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss  
Schnittgrößen My min, max; K100

M 1 : 10

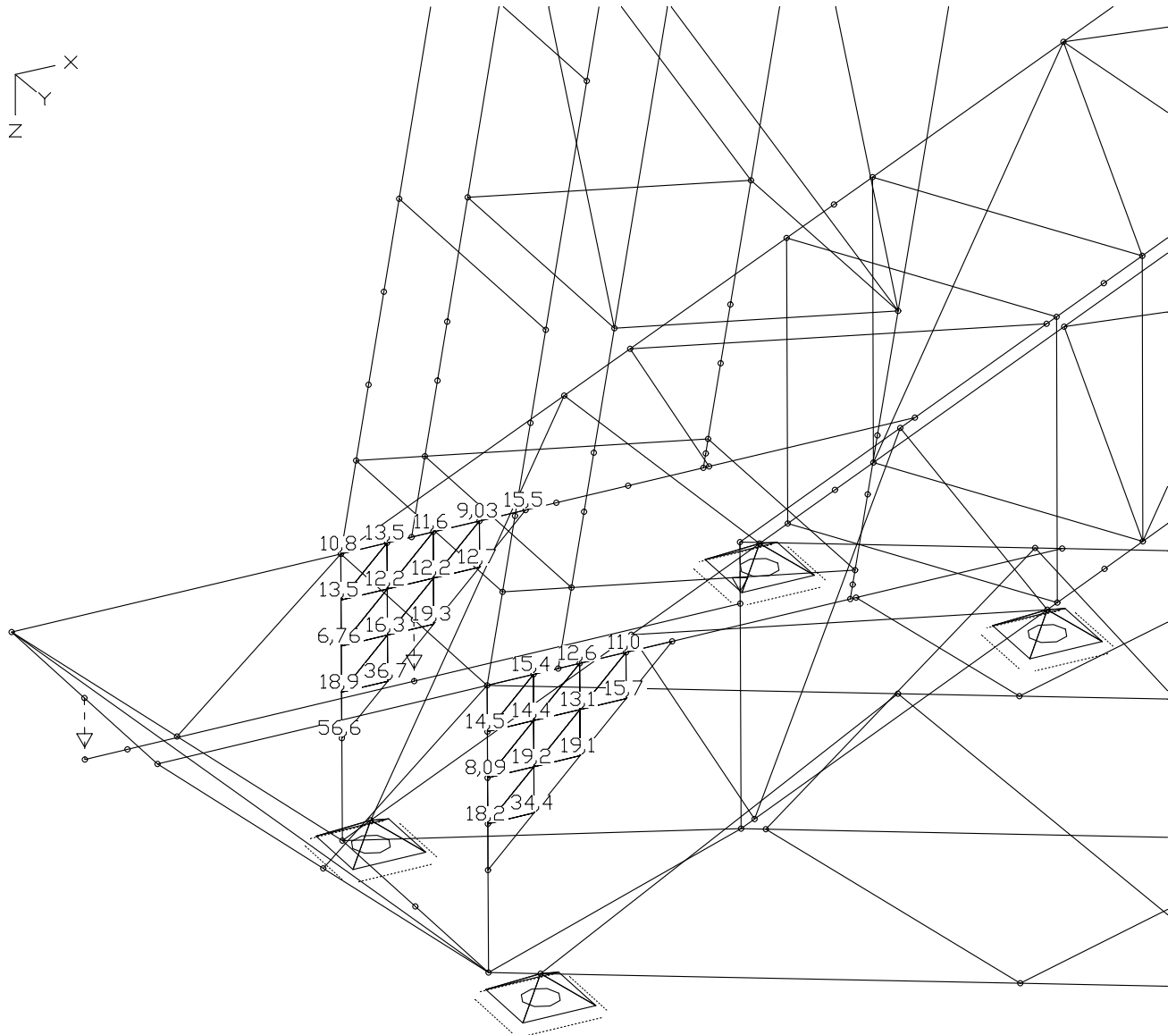


LFK 100: Selected Internal forces min,max My [kNm]  
Value range (subsystem, min/max): -0,40/0,43 [kNm]  
Section color



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss  
Sigma.v oben, max; K100

M 1 : 7

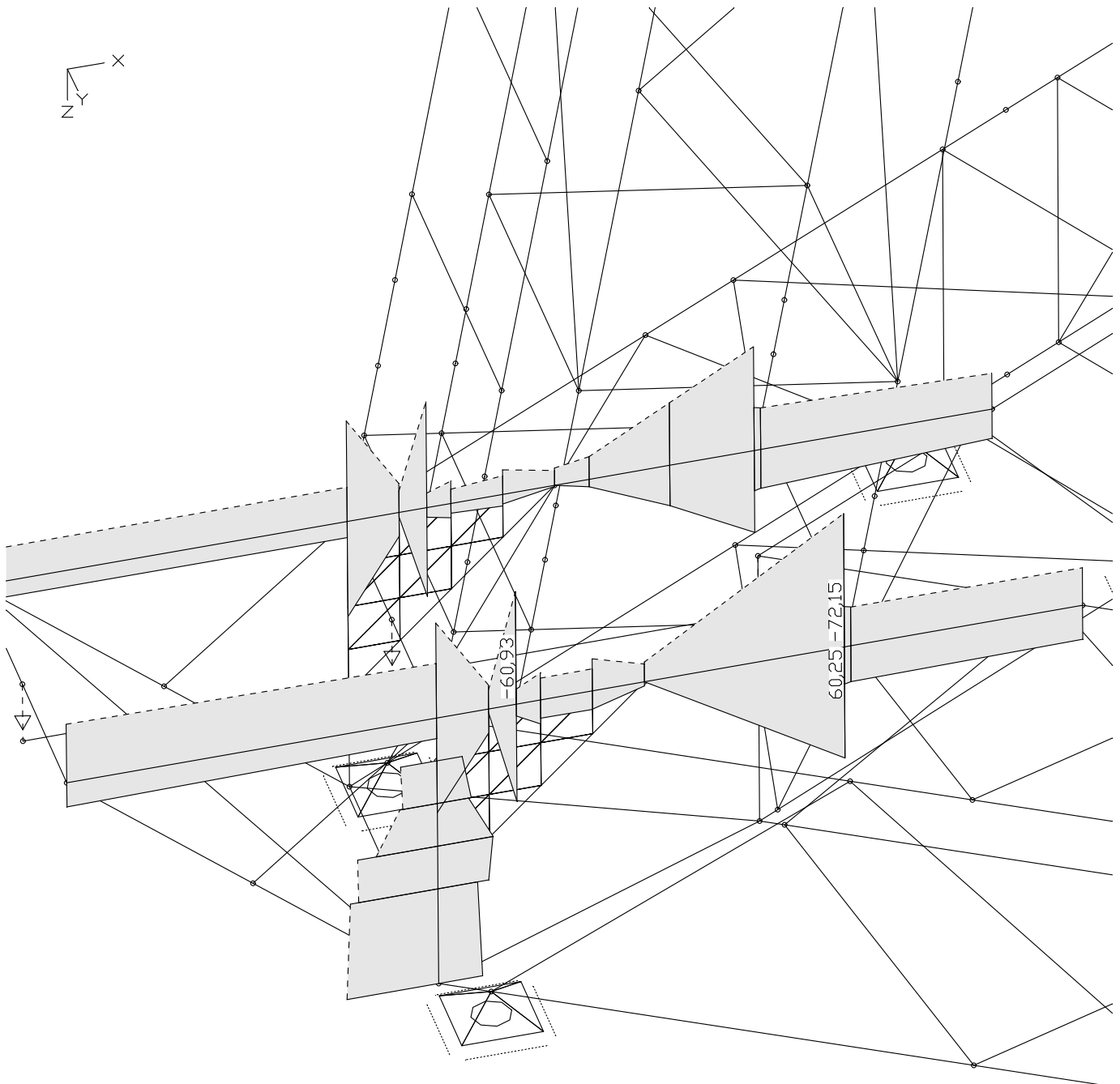


LFK 100: Selected Stresses max Sigma.v top [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Value range (overall system, min/max): 4,16/61,28 [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Analysis at the element nodes, mean of values in the representation  
Section color



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss  
Sigma.x min, max; K100

M 1 : 6

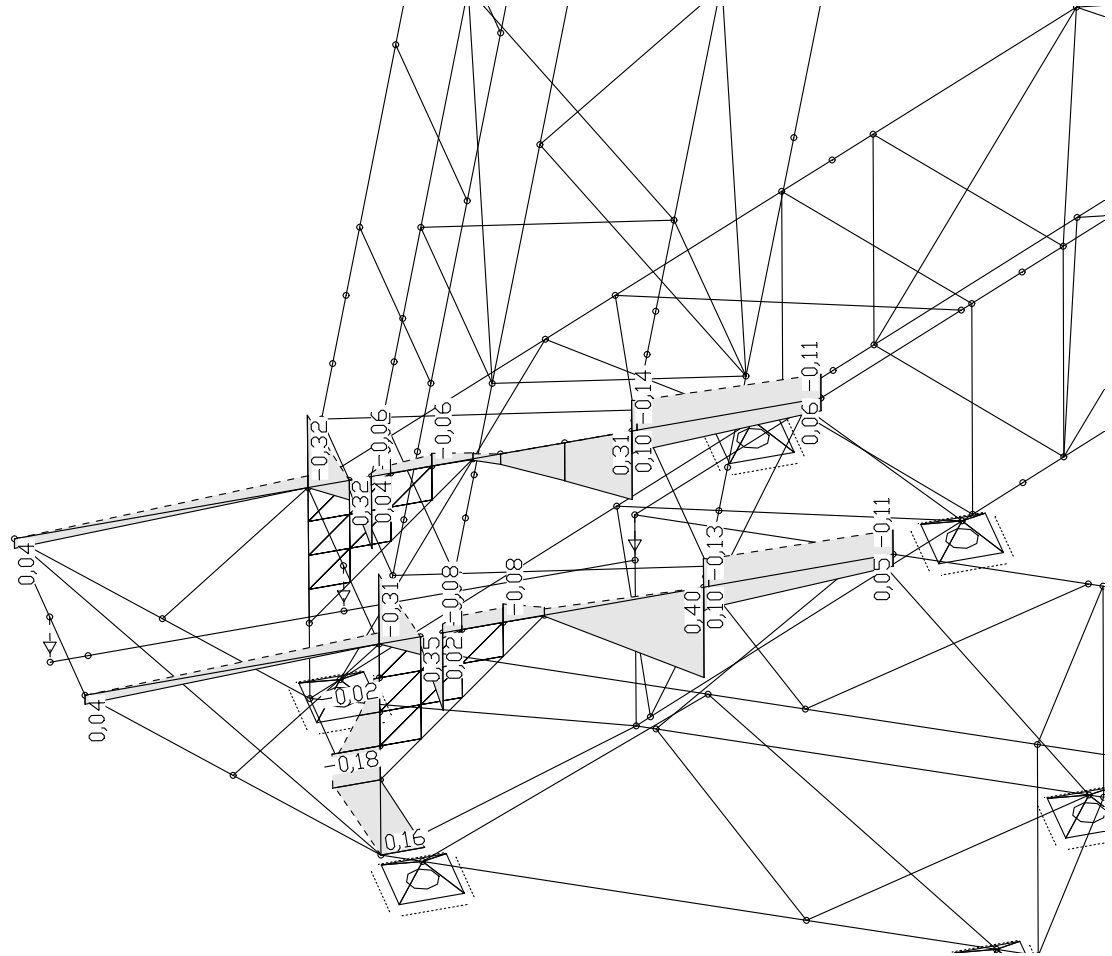


LFK 100: Selected Stresses min,max Sigma.x [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Value range (subsystem, min/max): -72,15/60,25 [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Section color



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M 1 :

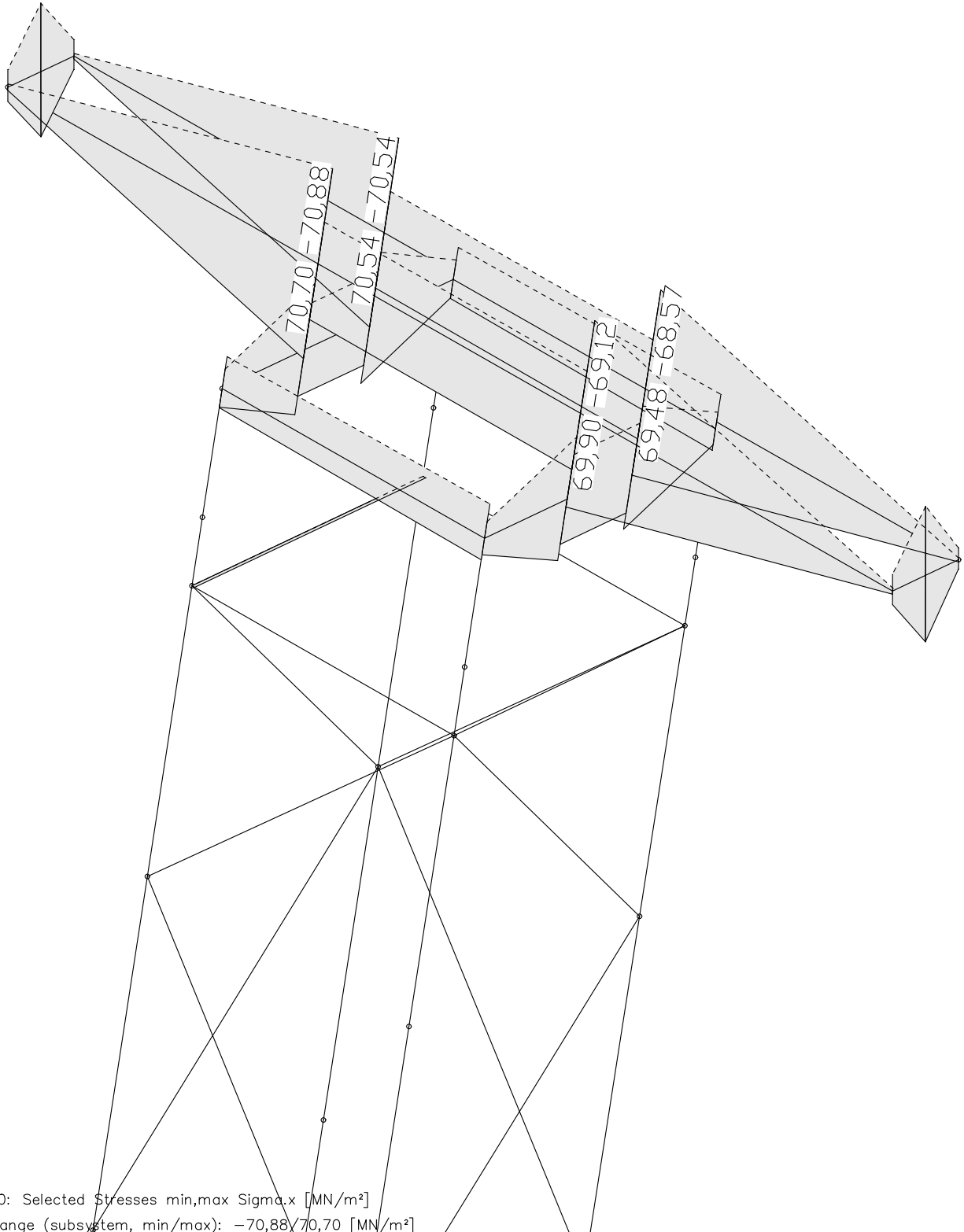


Schnittgrößen My min, max; K100



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss  
Sigma.x min, max; K100

M 1 : 6

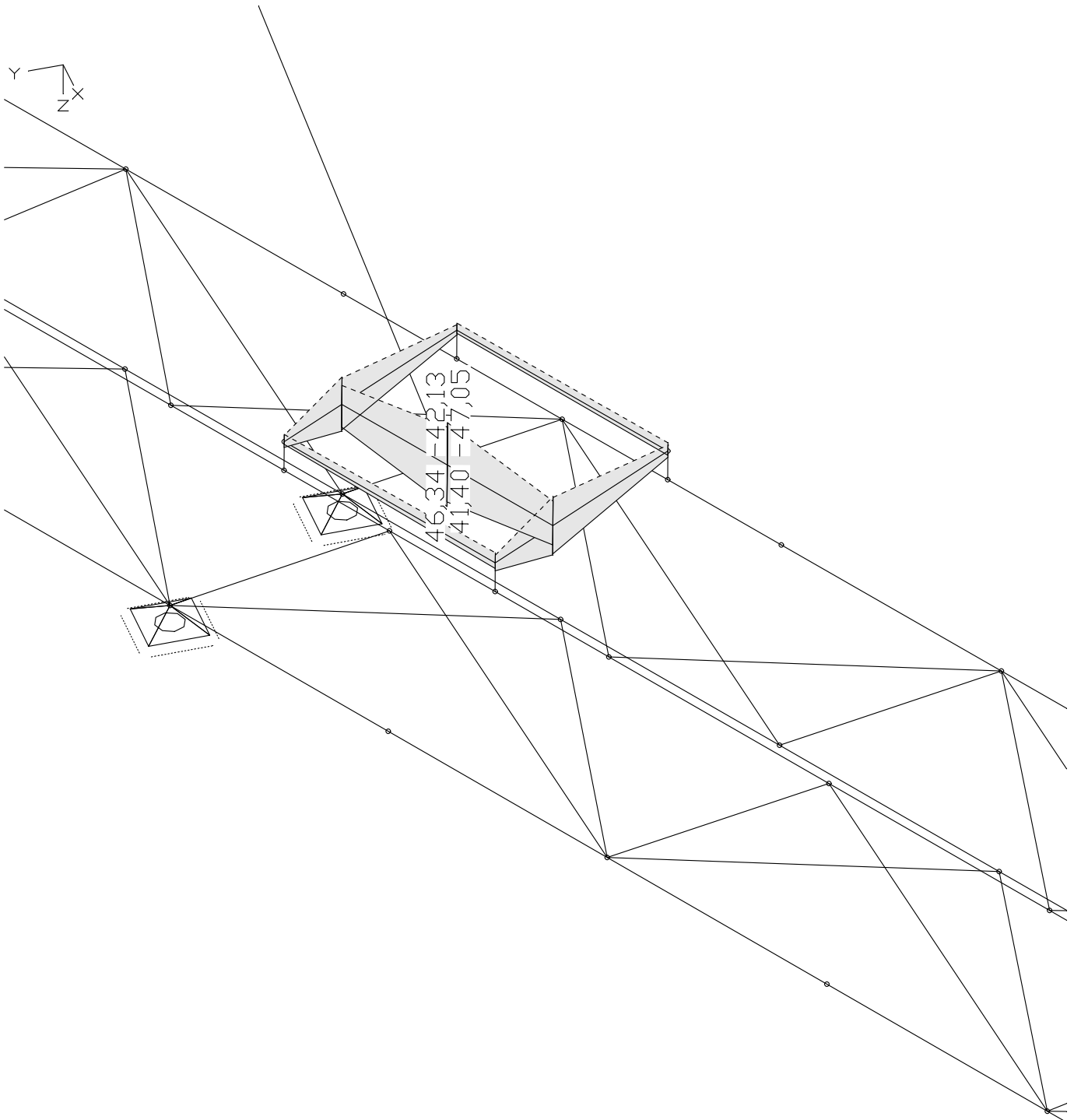


LFK 100: Selected Stresses min,max Sigma.x [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Value range (subsystem, min/max): -70,88/70,70 [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]



0955 – PA Tower Global Truss  
Sigma.x min, max; K100

M 1 : 8

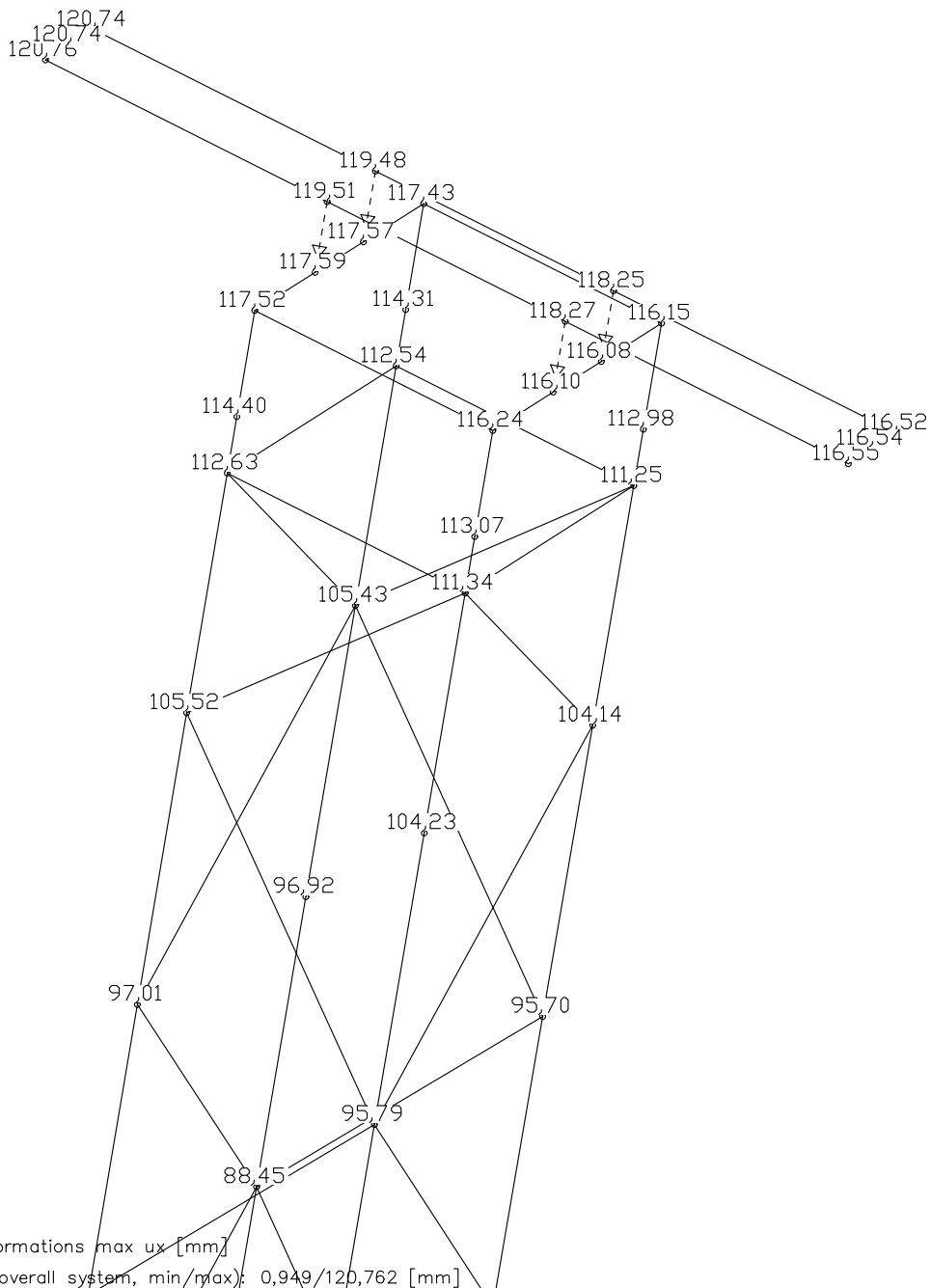
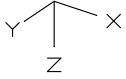


LFK 100: Selected Stresses min,max Sigma.x [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Value range (subsystem, min/max): -70,88/70,70 [MN/m<sup>2</sup>]



0955 - PA Tower Global Truss  
Deformationen ux max; K100

M 1 : 8



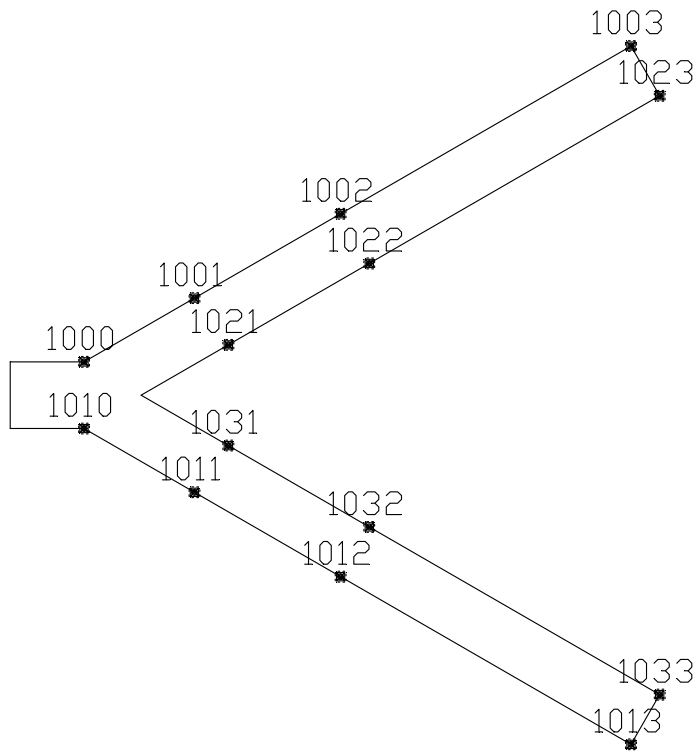
LFK 100: Deformations max ux [mm]  
Value range (overall system, min/max): 0,949/120,762 [mm]





0955 – PA Tower Global Truss

M 1 :



Knotennummern

**Support reactions from all load cases**

Node	LC	Rx [kN]	Ry [kN]	Rz [kN]	Mx [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]
1000	1	0,00	0,00	0,39	0,00	0,00	0,00
	2	-0,01	-0,00	-2,13	0,00	0,00	0,00
	3	0,03	-0,00	-0,47	0,00	0,00	0,00
	4	-0,03	0,00	0,47	0,00	0,00	0,00
	5	-0,00	0,03	-1,90	0,00	0,00	0,00
	6	0,10	-0,00	-2,01	0,00	0,00	0,00
	7	-0,10	0,00	2,97	0,00	0,00	0,00
	8	0,00	0,02	-4,90	0,00	0,00	0,00
	20	0,16	-0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	21	-0,22	-0,00	2,57	0,00	0,00	0,00
	22	-0,01	0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	23	0,08	-0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	24	-0,14	-0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	25	-0,03	0,05	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	1001	1	0,00	-0,00	0,02	0,00	0,00
2		0,00	-0,00	1,05	0,00	0,00	0,00
3		0,03	-0,00	0,05	0,00	0,00	0,00
4		-0,03	0,00	-0,05	0,00	0,00	0,00
5		-0,00	0,03	0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00
6		0,09	-0,00	0,18	0,00	0,00	0,00



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M 1 :

**Support reactions from all load cases**

Node	LC	Rx [kN]	Ry [kN]	Rz [kN]	Mx [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]
	7	-0,09	0,00	-0,25	0,00	0,00	0,00
	8	0,01	0,02	0,10	0,00	0,00	0,00
	20	0,18	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	21	-0,20	0,00	1,32	0,00	0,00	0,00
	22	0,00	0,08	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	23	0,10	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	24	-0,13	-0,00	0,38	0,00	0,00	0,00
	25	-0,01	0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
1002	1	-0,00	-0,00	0,21	0,00	0,00	0,00
	2	0,00	-0,01	1,45	0,00	0,00	0,00
	3	0,02	-0,00	0,11	0,00	0,00	0,00
	4	-0,02	0,00	-0,11	0,00	0,00	0,00
	5	-0,01	0,03	-0,17	0,00	0,00	0,00
	6	0,09	-0,01	0,47	0,00	0,00	0,00
	7	-0,09	0,01	-0,70	0,00	0,00	0,00
	8	0,01	0,03	-0,35	0,00	0,00	0,00
	20	0,20	-0,04	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	21	-0,19	0,02	1,53	0,00	0,00	0,00
	22	0,02	0,08	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	23	0,13	-0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
24	-0,11	0,00	3,12	0,00	0,00	0,00	
25	0,01	0,05	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
1003	1	-0,00	-0,00	0,07	0,00	0,00	0,00
	2	-0,00	-0,02	0,36	0,00	0,00	0,00
	3	0,02	-0,01	0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00
	4	-0,02	0,01	-0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00
	5	-0,01	0,02	-0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00
	6	0,08	-0,03	0,13	0,00	0,00	0,00
	7	-0,08	0,04	-0,19	0,00	0,00	0,00
	8	0,01	0,04	-0,11	0,00	0,00	0,00
	20	0,19	-0,17	3,05	0,00	0,00	0,00
	21	-0,17	0,04	0,37	0,00	0,00	0,00
	22	0,02	0,06	0,72	0,00	0,00	0,00
	23	0,13	-0,14	3,22	0,00	0,00	0,00
24	-0,10	-0,00	0,80	0,00	0,00	0,00	
25	0,02	0,01	1,69	0,00	0,00	0,00	
1010	1	0,00	-0,00	0,40	0,00	0,00	0,00
	2	-0,01	0,00	-2,49	0,00	0,00	0,00
	3	0,03	0,00	-0,47	0,00	0,00	0,00
	4	-0,03	-0,00	0,47	0,00	0,00	0,00
	5	0,00	0,03	1,90	0,00	0,00	0,00
	6	0,10	0,00	-2,01	0,00	0,00	0,00
	7	-0,10	-0,00	2,96	0,00	0,00	0,00
	8	-0,00	0,02	4,89	0,00	0,00	0,00
	20	0,16	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	21	-0,22	0,00	1,93	0,00	0,00	0,00
	22	-0,03	0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	23	0,08	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
24	-0,14	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
25	-0,03	0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	



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M 1 :

**Support reactions from all load cases**

Node	LC	Rx [kN]	Ry [kN]	Rz [kN]	Mx [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]
1011	1	0,00	0,00	0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00
	2	-0,00	0,00	1,19	0,00	0,00	0,00
	3	0,03	0,00	0,05	0,00	0,00	0,00
	4	-0,03	-0,00	-0,05	0,00	0,00	0,00
	5	0,00	0,03	-0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00
	6	0,09	0,00	0,18	0,00	0,00	0,00
	7	-0,09	-0,00	-0,26	0,00	0,00	0,00
	8	-0,01	0,02	-0,10	0,00	0,00	0,00
	20	0,18	0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	21	-0,20	-0,00	1,57	0,00	0,00	0,00
	22	-0,02	0,09	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	23	0,10	0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	24	-0,13	0,00	0,48	0,00	0,00	0,00
	25	-0,02	0,08	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
	1012	1	-0,00	0,00	0,21	0,00	0,00
2		0,00	0,01	1,44	0,00	0,00	0,00
3		0,02	0,00	0,11	0,00	0,00	0,00
4		-0,02	-0,00	-0,11	0,00	0,00	0,00
5		0,01	0,03	0,17	0,00	0,00	0,00
6		0,09	0,01	0,47	0,00	0,00	0,00
7		-0,09	-0,01	-0,70	0,00	0,00	0,00
8		-0,01	0,03	0,35	0,00	0,00	0,00
20		0,20	0,04	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
21		-0,19	-0,02	1,51	0,00	0,00	0,00
22		-0,00	0,11	4,14	0,00	0,00	0,00
23		0,13	0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
24		-0,11	-0,00	3,10	0,00	0,00	0,00
25		0,01	0,09	3,23	0,00	0,00	0,00
1013		1	-0,00	0,00	0,07	0,00	0,00
	2	-0,00	0,02	0,36	0,00	0,00	0,00
	3	0,02	0,01	0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00
	4	-0,02	-0,01	-0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00
	5	0,01	0,02	0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00
	6	0,08	0,03	0,13	0,00	0,00	0,00
	7	-0,08	-0,04	-0,19	0,00	0,00	0,00
	8	-0,01	0,04	0,11	0,00	0,00	0,00
	20	0,19	0,17	3,06	0,00	0,00	0,00
	21	-0,17	-0,04	0,37	0,00	0,00	0,00
	22	-0,00	0,17	2,22	0,00	0,00	0,00
	23	0,13	0,14	3,23	0,00	0,00	0,00
	24	-0,10	0,00	0,79	0,00	0,00	0,00
	25	0,01	0,15	2,52	0,00	0,00	0,00
	1021	1	0,00	-0,00	0,11	0,00	0,00
2		0,00	-0,00	1,23	0,00	0,00	0,00
3		0,03	-0,00	0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00
4		-0,03	0,00	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00
5		-0,00	0,03	-0,10	0,00	0,00	0,00
6		0,10	-0,00	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00
7		-0,10	0,01	0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00



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M 1 :

**Support reactions from all load cases**

Node	LC	Rx [kN]	Ry [kN]	Rz [kN]	Mx [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]	
1022	8	0,00	0,03	-0,20	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	20	0,19	-0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	21	-0,20	0,00	2,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	22	0,00	0,08	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	23	0,11	-0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	24	-0,12	-0,01	1,63	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	25	-0,01	0,05	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	1	-0,00	-0,00	0,29	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	2	0,00	-0,01	2,72	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	3	0,02	-0,00	0,23	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	4	-0,02	0,00	-0,23	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	5	-0,00	0,02	-0,21	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	6	0,09	-0,01	0,98	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	7	-0,09	0,02	-1,46	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	8	0,01	0,03	-0,35	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	20	0,20	-0,06	1,51	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	21	-0,20	0,02	2,41	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	22	0,01	0,08	2,13	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	23	0,13	-0,05	4,11	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	24	-0,12	-0,00	5,32	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	25	0,01	0,04	3,98	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	1023	1	0,00	-0,00	0,09	0,00	0,00	0,00
		2	0,00	-0,02	0,68	0,00	0,00	0,00
		3	0,02	-0,01	0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00
		4	-0,02	0,01	-0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00
5		-0,01	0,02	-0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00	
6		0,08	-0,04	0,25	0,00	0,00	0,00	
7		-0,08	0,04	-0,37	0,00	0,00	0,00	
8		0,01	0,04	-0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00	
20		0,22	-0,19	6,45	0,00	0,00	0,00	
21		-0,17	0,04	0,62	0,00	0,00	0,00	
22		0,03	0,05	2,58	0,00	0,00	0,00	
23		0,15	-0,15	5,46	0,00	0,00	0,00	
24		-0,10	-0,00	1,40	0,00	0,00	0,00	
25		0,02	0,00	3,21	0,00	0,00	0,00	
1031		1	0,00	0,00	0,11	0,00	0,00	0,00
	2	0,00	0,01	1,25	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	3	0,03	0,00	0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	4	-0,03	-0,00	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	5	0,00	0,03	0,10	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	6	0,10	0,00	-0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	7	-0,10	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	8	-0,00	0,03	0,20	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	20	0,19	0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	21	-0,20	-0,00	2,28	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	22	-0,01	0,10	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	23	0,11	0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	24	-0,12	0,01	1,64	0,00	0,00	0,00	
	25	-0,01	0,08	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	



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M 1 :

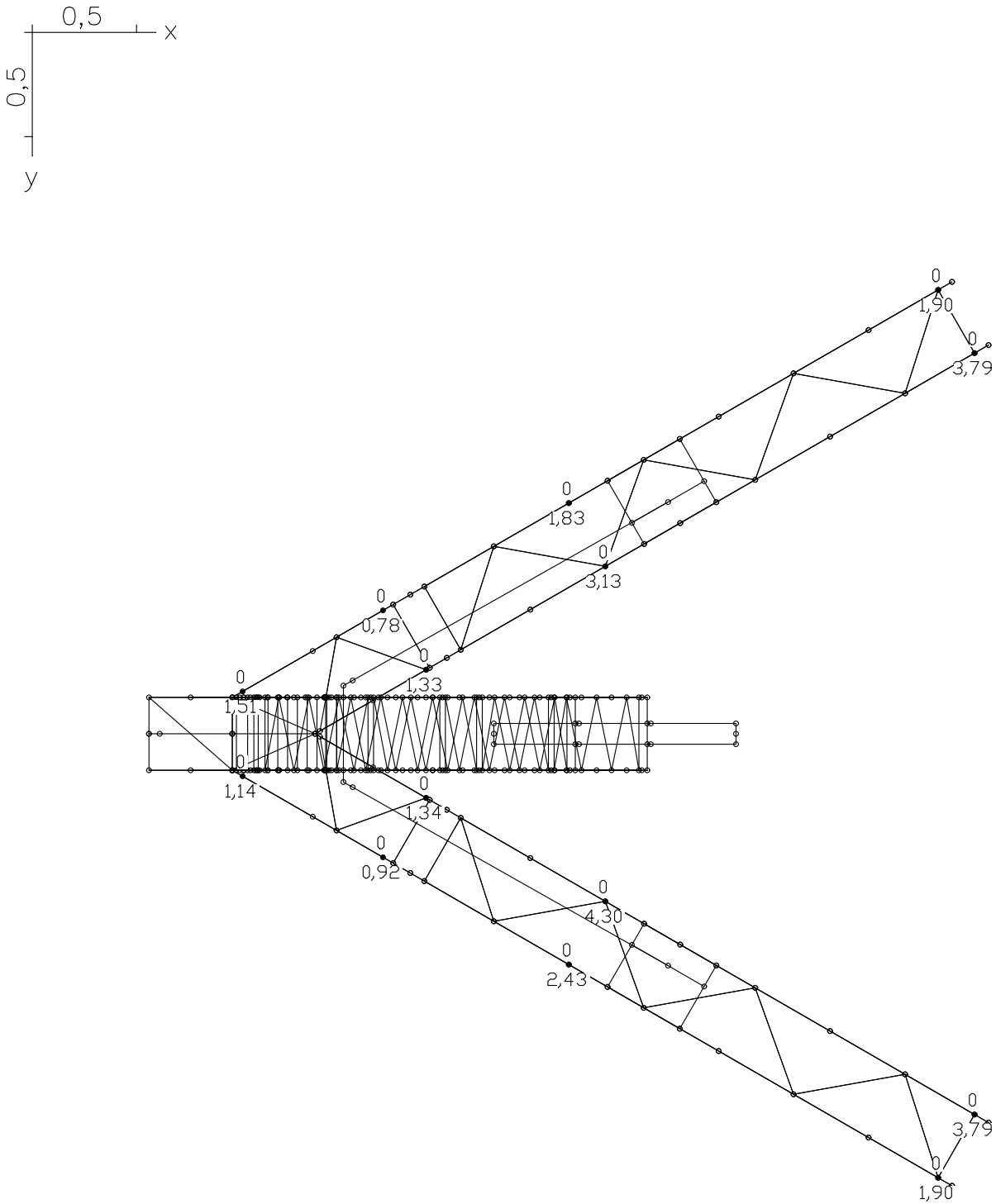
**Support reactions from all load cases**

Node	LC	Rx [kN]	Ry [kN]	Rz [kN]	Mx [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]
1032	1	-0,00	0,00	0,29	0,00	0,00	0,00
	2	0,00	0,01	2,70	0,00	0,00	0,00
	3	0,02	0,00	0,23	0,00	0,00	0,00
	4	-0,02	-0,00	-0,23	0,00	0,00	0,00
	5	0,00	0,03	0,21	0,00	0,00	0,00
	6	0,09	0,01	0,98	0,00	0,00	0,00
	7	-0,09	-0,02	-1,46	0,00	0,00	0,00
	8	-0,01	0,03	0,35	0,00	0,00	0,00
	20	0,20	0,06	1,46	0,00	0,00	0,00
	21	-0,20	-0,02	2,38	0,00	0,00	0,00
	22	-0,01	0,13	7,21	0,00	0,00	0,00
	23	0,12	0,06	4,06	0,00	0,00	0,00
	24	-0,12	0,00	5,25	0,00	0,00	0,00
	25	0,00	0,10	7,32	0,00	0,00	0,00
	1033	1	0,00	0,00	0,09	0,00	0,00
2		0,00	0,02	0,69	0,00	0,00	0,00
3		0,02	0,01	0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00
4		-0,02	-0,01	-0,06	0,00	0,00	0,00
5		0,01	0,02	0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00
6		0,08	0,04	0,25	0,00	0,00	0,00
7		-0,08	-0,04	-0,36	0,00	0,00	0,00
8		-0,01	0,04	0,03	0,00	0,00	0,00
20		0,22	0,19	6,44	0,00	0,00	0,00
21		-0,17	-0,04	0,63	0,00	0,00	0,00
22		0,00	0,18	2,88	0,00	0,00	0,00
23		0,15	0,14	5,46	0,00	0,00	0,00
24		-0,10	0,00	1,41	0,00	0,00	0,00
25		0,02	0,15	3,49	0,00	0,00	0,00



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Auflagerreaktionen  $R_z$  min, max; K100

M 1 : 30



LFK 100: Support reactions in the local system min,max  $R_z(l)$  [kN]



## **5 VERIFICATIONS**

### **5.1 Allowable exposure of single components**

#### **5.1.1 Allowable stress**

Main chords 50x4 + diagonals 25x3 + rectangular profile for adapter-piece  
material EN AW 6082 T6 (F31)

Allowable stress outside of heat effected zone (HEZ)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Acc. DIN 4112 - 2} \quad \sigma_{\text{allowed}} &= 14.5 \text{ kN/cm}^2 \quad (\text{LC H}) \\ &= 16.5 \text{ kN/cm}^2 \quad (\text{LC HZ}) \end{aligned}$$

Allowable stress within HEZ

Section completely in heat effected zone

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Acc. DIN 4112 - 2} \quad \sigma_{\text{allowed-HEZ}} &= 8.0 \text{ kN/cm}^2 \quad (\text{LC H}) \\ &= 9.0 \text{ kN/cm}^2 \quad (\text{LC HZ}) \end{aligned}$$

Mainchords with connection of one diagonal

$$U\text{-HEZ} = 25 + 2 \cdot 30 = 85 \text{ mm} \quad U_{\text{ges}} = 157 \text{ mm} \quad \kappa = 0.5$$

$$A_k = A - (1 - 0.5) \cdot A \quad (U\text{-WEZ}/U_{\text{ges}}) = 0.73 \cdot A$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\text{allowed-HEZ}} = 0.73 \cdot 14.5 = 10.58 \text{ kN/cm}^2 \quad (12.05 \text{ kN/cm}^2 \text{ LC HZ})$$

Mainchords with connection of two diagonals

$$U\text{-HEZ} = \pi/2 \cdot 25 + 25 + 2 \cdot 30 = 124.26$$

$$U_{\text{ges}} = 157 \text{ mm} \quad \kappa = 0.5$$

$$A_k = A - (1 - 0.5) \cdot A \quad (U\text{-WEZ}/U_{\text{ges}}) = 0.60 \cdot A$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\text{allowed-HEZ}} = 0.60 \cdot 14.5 = 8.7 \text{ kN/cm}^2 \quad (9.9 \text{ kN/cm}^2 \text{ LC HZ})$$



### 5.1.2 Buckling of truss diagonals

Pipe 25x3 mm      EN AW 6082 T6

$A = 2.07 \text{ cm}^2$        $I = 1.28 \text{ cm}^4 \Rightarrow i = 0.786 \text{ cm}$

Buckling length       $sk < 50 \text{ cm}$

$\Rightarrow \lambda = 50 / 0.786 < 64$        $\Rightarrow \omega = 1.80$

Allowable min  $N = 2.07 \cdot 14.5 / 1.80 = 16.675 \text{ kN}$

allowable  $N$  at  $n$  joints in heat effected zone (HEZ)

Allowable  $N = 2.07 \cdot 8.0 = 16.56 \text{ kN}$  ( 18.63 LF HZ)      decisive

### 5.1.3 Buckling main chords locally (between two nodes)

Pipe 50x4 mm      EN AW 6082 T6

$A = 5.78 \text{ cm}^2$        $I = 15.40 \text{ cm}^4 \Rightarrow i = 2.67 \text{ cm}$

Buckling length       $sk < 90 \text{ cm}$

$\Rightarrow \lambda = 90 / 2.67 < 34$        $\Rightarrow \omega = 1.08$

Allowable  $s$  in HEZ      in buckling-endangered zone, node with 1 diagonal

$\Rightarrow$  allowable  $\sigma$  HEZ =  $10.58 \text{ kN/cm}^2$

$\Rightarrow$  allowable min  $N = 5.78 \cdot 10.58 / 1.08 = 56.62 \text{ kN}$

For comparison all.  $N$  at a node with 2 diagonals

$\Rightarrow$  all. min  $N = 5.78 \cdot 8.7 = 50.286 \text{ kN}$       decisive





### 5.1.4 Couplings

Shear forces and bending moments transmitted by contact of the fitting with the main-chord.

=> mainchord decisive => covered by the stress-verification

allowable normal force at coupling

1. weld seam  $a = 4\text{ mm}$

EN AW 6082 T6 welding consumable SG-ALSi5

Acc. DIN 4113-2

Allowable  $\sigma = 7.2\text{ kN/cm}^2$  (LC HZ  $8.2\text{ kN/cm}^2$ )

$A = \pi \cdot (2.5^2 - 2.1^2) = 5.78\text{ cm}^2$

=> all. N =  $5.78 \cdot 7.2 = 41.6\text{ kN}$  (LC HZ  $47.4\text{ kN}$ ) decisive

2. Bolt min  $d = 15\text{ mm}$  Quality 10.9

$A = 1.77\text{ cm}^2$   $f_{u,bk} = 100\text{ kN/cm}^2$

Allowable exposure acc. DIN 18800 T1

$V_{rd} = 2 \cdot 0.44 \cdot 1.76 \cdot 100 / 1.1 = 140.8 \gg 1.5 \cdot 41.6\text{ kN}$  not decisive

3. Bush ENAW 6082 T6

External diameter  $d_a = 59\text{ mm}$

External diameter  $d_i < 40\text{ mm}$

Bolt diameter  $d = 15\text{ mm}$

=>  $t = 19\text{ mm}$

Bearing stress all.  $\sigma_L = 21.5\text{ kN/cm}^2$

=> all. N =  $1.9 \cdot 1.5 \cdot 21.5 = 61.3\text{ kN} \gg 41.6\text{ kN}$  not decisive

4. Connector AlCuBiPb F37

External diameter  $d_a = 37\text{ mm}$

Bolt diameter  $d = 15\text{ mm}$

Bearing stress all.  $\sigma_L = 21.0\text{ kN/cm}^2$

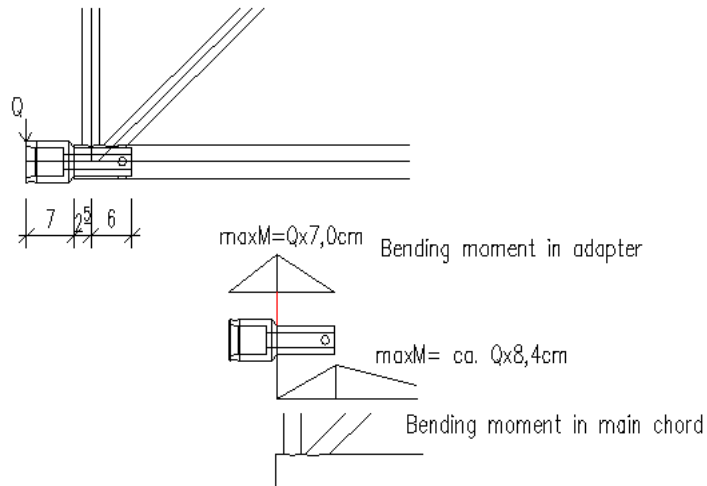
=> all. N =  $3.7 \cdot 1.5 \cdot 21 = 116.6\text{ kN} \gg 41.6\text{ kN}$  not decisive

### 5.1.5 Bending at coupling and intersection to mainchord

Due to the adapters the the couplings form one unit with the mainchords under bending.

Therefore relevant for the verifications are the areas before and after the intersections between the adapters and the mainchords.

The decisive point for the stress verification is determined by comparison of the bending moments with the associated sections and impacts of heat effected zones.



Max M in mainchord results from the following regard:

Max res-M at node M =  $Q \cdot 9.5 \text{ cm}$   
Distance to zero point of moment = appr. 50 cm  
Distance node to end of adapter = 6.0 cm

$$\Rightarrow M_{\text{chord}} = 9.5 \cdot Q (50-6) / 50 = 8.4 \cdot Q$$

Adapter compact  $D = 4.2 \text{ cm}$   $W_{el} = 7.27 \text{ cm}^3$

Section completely in heat-effected zone All  $\sigma = 8.0$

$$\Rightarrow \text{zul}M = 58.16 \text{ kNcm} \Rightarrow \text{zul} Q = 8.3 \text{ kN}$$

Main chord  $50 \times 4$   $W_{el} = 6.06 \text{ cm}^3$

Section in HEZ from connection with 2 diagonals  $\text{zul}\sigma = 8.7$

$$\Rightarrow \text{zul}M = 52.72 \text{ kNcm} \Rightarrow \text{zul} Q = 52.72 / 8.7 = 6.06 \text{ kN}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Verification in the mainchord with all.  $\sigma$ -HEZ = 8.7 kN/cm<sup>2</sup> (9.9 LF HZ) decisive



## 5.2 Verifications

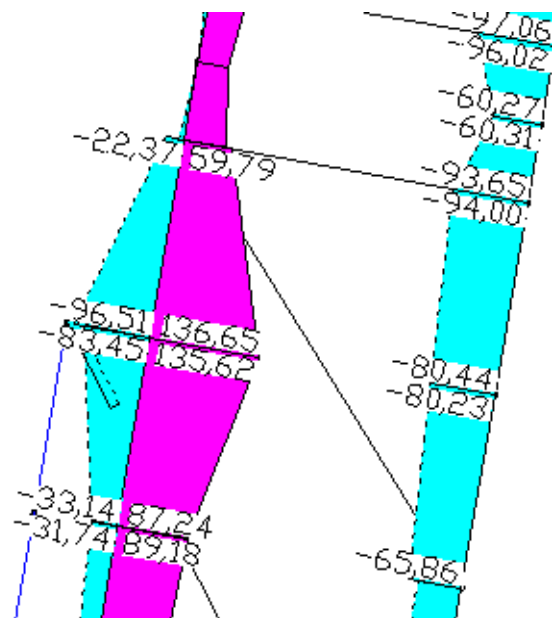
The following points are verified in detail:

1. Bending in the mainchord at connection of ladder
2. Bending in the mainchord at coupling (decisive: coupling above connection of ladder)
3. Bending in the mainchord at corner-element, connection to tower
4. Bending pipe at anchor-point at the rear / bottom
5. Maximal normal-force in the mainchord of truss F44
6. Maximal normal-force in the diagonals of truss F44
7. Compressive force in the diagonal brace
8. Stress in the tower head and adapter for brace



To 1. from DP max  $s = 13,665 \text{ kN/cm}^2$

LC HZ



Area lies outside HEZ => all.  $\sigma = 16.5 \text{ kN/cm}^2$

Within HEZ max  $\sigma = 8.918 < \text{all } \sigma = 9.9 \text{ kN/cm}^2$

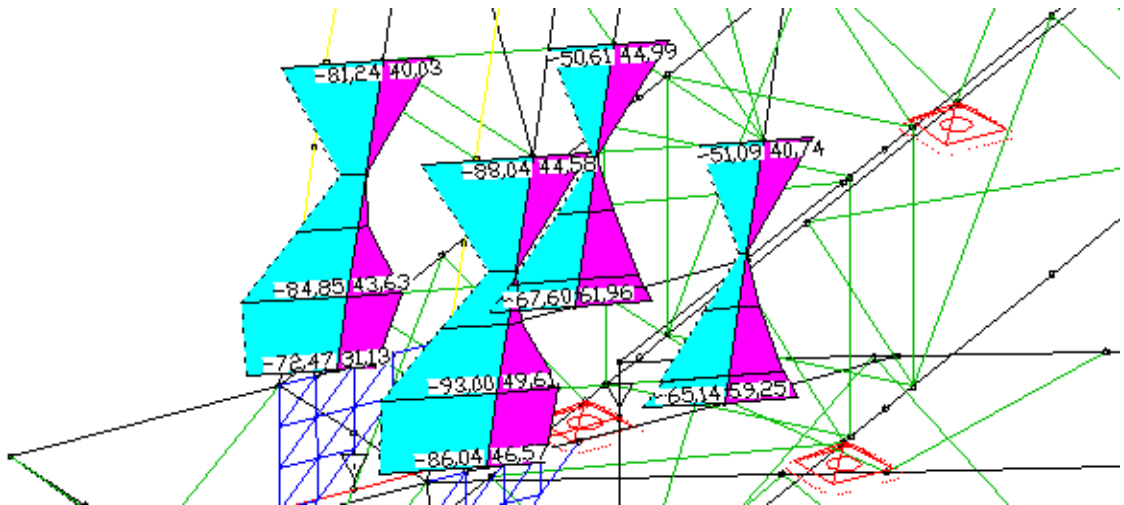
To 2. from DP max  $\sigma = 9.7 \text{ kN/cm}^2$

LC HZ

Main chord within HEZ from connection of 2 diagonals (decisive)

all.  $\sigma = 9.9 \text{ kN/cm}^2$

To 3.



Main chord before vor weld seam (completely in HEZ)

from DP  $\max s = 8.6 \text{ kN/cm}^2 < 9.0 \text{ kN/cm}^2$  LC HZ

Weld seam is not decisive because it is leaded at the outside of the mainchord and therefore features more favourable section properties.

Mainchord with connection of 2 diagonals

From DP  $\max \sigma = 9.3 \text{ kN/cm}^2$  all.  $\sigma = 9.9 \text{ kN/cm}^2$

To 4. Main chord with hollow section, weld from from below

Equals case HEZ with connection of 1 diagonal

From DP  $\max \sigma = 10.65 \text{ kN/cm}^2$  (See page 43)

all.  $\sigma = 12.05 \text{ kN/cm}^2$

To 5.  $\text{Min } N_{\text{chord}} = -34.67 \text{ kN}$  (See page 38)

all.  $N = 47.4 \text{ kN}$  (Weld seam at coupling LC HZ))

To 6.  $\text{Min / Max } N = -7.65 / 8.92 \text{ kN}$  (See page 39)

all.  $N = 18.63 \text{ kN}$  ( LC HZ)



To 7. Buckling of diagonal-braces

Pipe 60x5 mm EN AW 6082 T6

$A = 8.64 \text{ cm}^2$   $I = 32.94 \text{ cm}^4 \Rightarrow i = 1.952 \text{ cm}$

Buckling length  $sk = 330 \text{ cm}$

$\Rightarrow \lambda = 330 / 1.952 = 169$

$\Rightarrow \omega = 12.57$

all. min  $N = 8.64 \cdot 14.5 / 12.57 = 9.97 \text{ kN}$  (LC HZ 11.34 kN)

min  $N = 10.25 \text{ kN} < \text{zul. Min } N = 11.34 \text{ kN}$  (see page 42)

To 8. Stresses in tower-head and adapter-parts are far below allowable stresses

See DP pages 52 + 53

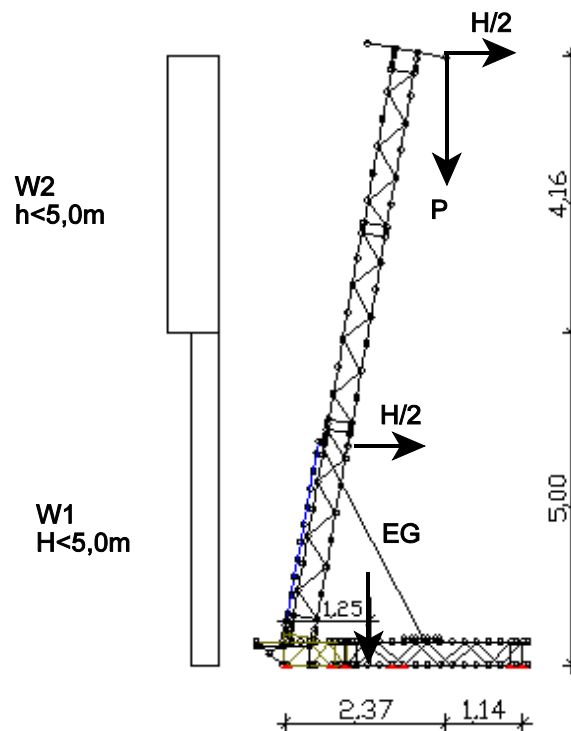
## 6 STABILITY

Stability acc. DIN 4112

Height of tower above terrain  $h = \text{appr. } 9.20 \text{ m (appr. } 10 \text{ yd)}$

Total weight tower 230 kg (see load summaries DP)

Center of gravity tower  $x = 1.25 \text{ m}$  from right bearing (see DP)



### Moments of lateral buckling

Loadcase Operational state with payload

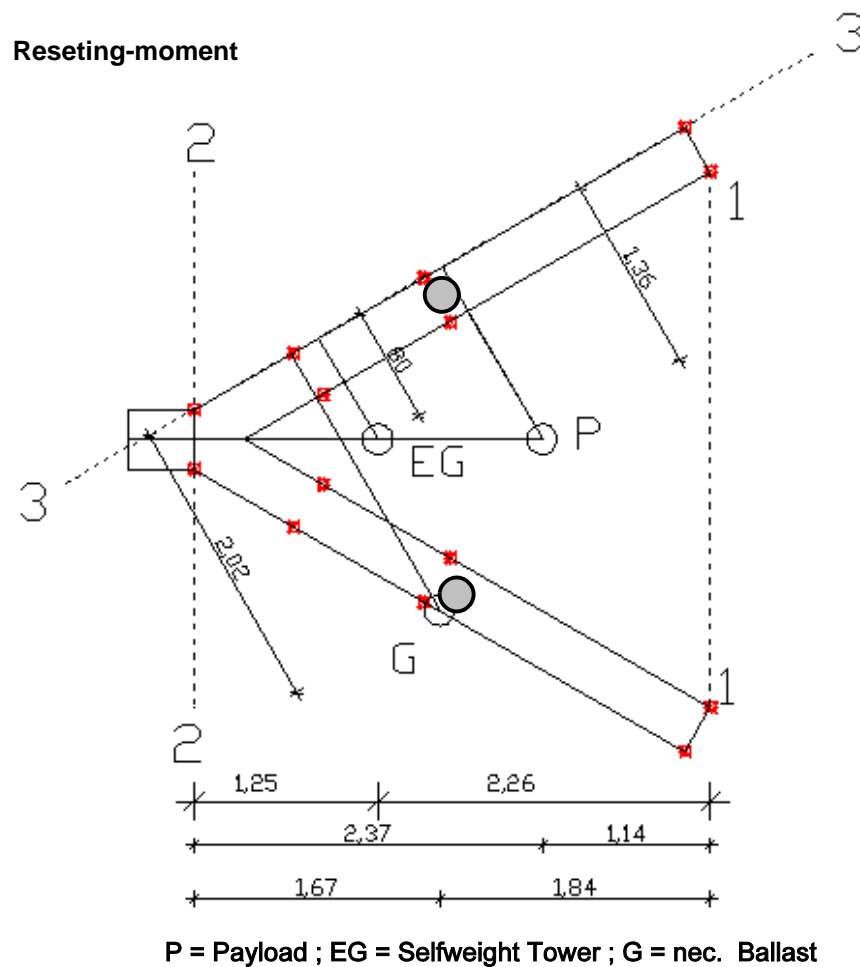
$w_1 = 0.032 \text{ kN/m}$        $w_2 = 0.052 \text{ kN/m}$        $H_{\text{tot}} = 1.25 \text{ kN}$       Height  $< 8.0 \text{ m}$

$$M_{kw} = 0.032 \cdot 5^2 / 2 + 0.052 \cdot 4.16 \cdot 7.08 + 1.25 \cdot 8.0 = 11.93 \text{ kNm}$$

Loadcase no operation (without payload)

$w_1 = 0.064 \text{ kN/m}$        $w_2$  ( up to  $8 \text{ m}$  )      =  $0.104 \text{ kN/m}$   
 $w_2$  ( $> 8 \text{ m}$  )      =  $0.168 \text{ kN/m}$

$$M_{kw} = 0.064 \cdot 5^2 / 2 + 0.104 \cdot 3.0 \cdot 6.5 + 0.168 \cdot 1.16 \cdot 8.58 = 4.50 \text{ kNm}$$



Loadcase Operational state with payload Lateral buckling around axis 1 is decisive

Additional deformation from calculation acc. 2nd order theory  $u_x < 12$  cm

$$M_s = 10.5 \cdot (1.14 - 0.12) + 2.3 \cdot 2.26 = 15.9 \text{ kNm} > 1.2 M_k = 14.31$$

=> no Ballast necessary

Loadcase no operation (without payload)

Case lateral buckling around axis 3

$$M_s = 2.3 \cdot 0.8 = 1.84 < 1.2 M_k \Rightarrow \text{Ballast necessary}$$

Ballast centered at each cantilever

$$\Rightarrow \text{nec } G \cdot 2.02 > 1.2 \cdot 4.5 - 1.84 = 1.76 \text{ kN} \quad \text{elected: } 2 \times 180 \text{ kg ( } 2 \times 400 \text{ lb)}$$

Lateral buckling around axis 2 is not decisive